

## SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Bamberg et al., "Subclinical Disease Burden as Assessed by Whole-Body MRI in Subjects With Prediabetes, Subjects With Diabetes, and Normal Control Subjects From the General Population: The KORA-MRI Study"

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**Supplementary Table 1. MRI Sequences used for analysis.** TOF: Time of flight, SWI: Susceptibility weighted imaging, FLAIR: Fluid attenuated inversion recovery, T2: T2 weighted, SPACE: Sampling perfection with application optimized contrasts using different flip angle evolution, T1w: T1 weighted, T1w fs: T1 weighted fat saturated, SAX: short axis, LAX: long axis, SSFP: Steady state with free precession, LGE: Late gadolinium enhancement, FLASH: fast low-angle shot, VIBE: volume interpolated breathhold examination, STEAM: Stimulated echo acquisition method, HASTE: Half fourier acquisition single shot turbo spin echo.

MR-Sequence	Weighting / Sequence Type	ST (mm)	Voxel size, In-plane (mm <sup>2</sup> )	FOV (mm)	Matrix	TR (ms)	TE (ms)	TI (ms)	Flip angle (°)
<b>Brain</b>									
TOF	TOF	1	0.6 x 0.6	181 x 200	320 x 275	20	3.43	N/A	18
SWI	SWI	2.5	0.9 x 0.9	208 x 230	256 x 223	27	20	N/A	15
FLAIR	T2, SPACE	0.9	0.5 x 0.5	245 x 245	256 x 256	5000	389	1800	120
<b>Plaque</b>									
T1w carotid plaque	T1w fs	3	0.3 x 0.3	165 x 220	320 x 240	800	13	N/A	180
<b>Cardiac Function / Myocardium</b>									
Cine SAX	SSFP	8	1.5 x 1.5	297 x 360	240 x 160	29.97	1.46, 10sl	N/A	62
Cine LAX	SSFP	8	1.5 x 1.5	297 x 360	240 x 160	29.97	1.46	N/A	63
LGE	FLASH	8	1.4 x 1.4	300 x 360	256 x 140	700 - 1000	1.55	280 - 345	20 - 55
<b>Hepatic Adipose Content</b>									
Multi-echo Dixon	VIBE	4	1.8 x 1.8	393 x 450	256 x 179	8.90	1.23; 2.46; 3.69; 4.92; 6.15; 7.38	N/A	4
Spectroscopy	STEAM	N/A	30 x 30 x 30*	N/A	N/A	3000	12.00; 24.00; 36.00; 48.00; 72.00	N/A	N/A
<b>Body Adipose Content / Anatomy</b>									
Dual-echo Dixon	VIBE	1.7	1.7 x 1.7	488 x 716	256 x 256	4.06	1.26; 2.49	N/A	9
HASTE	T2	5	1.2 x 1.2	296 x 380	320 x 200	1000	91	N/A	131

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**Supplementary Table 2. Adjusted least-square means of MRI outcomes.** The adjusted mean is calculated by inserting the mean value of the whole population for each covariate into the linear regression model. Significant values are shown in bold. ARWMC: Age related white matter changes LCA: Left carotid artery; RCA: Right carotid artery; LGE: Late gadolinium enhancement; PDFF: Proton Density Fat Fraction

	Controls		Prediabetics		Diabetics	
	Predicted Mean	95%-CI	Predicted Mean	95%-CI	Predicted Mean	95%-CI
<b>Cerebrum</b>						
Total ARWMC Score	1.23	[1.08, 1.38]	1.44	[1.21, 1.66]	1.44	[1.11, 1.76]
<b>Plaque</b>						
Wall thickness, LCA (mm)	0.74	[0.73, 0.76]	0.75	[0.72, 0.78]	0.76	[0.73, 0.80]
Wall thickness, RCA (mm)	0.76	[0.74, 0.77]	0.76	[0.73, 0.78]	0.75	[0.72, 0.78]
<b>Cardiac Function</b>						
Early filling rate (ml/s)	240	[226, 255]	<b>201</b>	[180, 223]	<b>183</b>	[152, 216]
Late filling rate (ml/s)	237	[222, 252]	210	[188, 232]	<b>169</b>	[135, 203]
End-diastolic volume (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	69	[67, 71]	<b>62</b>	[59, 65]	<b>59</b>	[55, 64]
End-systolic volume (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	22	[21, 23]	<b>18</b>	[16, 19]	<b>19</b>	[16, 21]
Stroke volume (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	47	[46, 48]	<b>44</b>	[42, 46]	<b>41</b>	[38, 43]
Ejection Fraction (%)	69	[67, 70]	<b>72</b>	[70, 74]	69	[67, 72]
Peak ejection rate (ml/s)	369	[351, 387]	<b>335</b>	[309, 361]	<b>275</b>	[236, 314]
<b>Myocardium</b>						
Myocardial mass, (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	72.3	[70.5, 74.0]	73.2	[70.6, 75.8]	72.2	[68.4, 76.1]
<b>Hepatic Adipose Content</b>						
PDFF (%)	4.3	[3.9, 4.8]	<b>6.7</b>	[5.8, 7.8]	<b>7.9</b>	[6.36, 9.6]
<b>Body Adipose Content</b>						
Total adipose tissue (l)	12.2	[11.8, 12.5]	13.0	[12.5, 13.5]	<b>13.5</b>	[12.8, 14.2]
Subcutaneous adipose tissue (l)	8.1	[7.9, 8.3]	8.4	[8.1, 8.7]	8.5	[8.0, 9.0]
Visceral adipose tissue (l)	4.1	[3.9, 4.3]	<b>4.6</b>	[4.3, 4.9]	<b>5.0</b>	[4.6, 5.5]

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**Supplementary Figure S1. Comparison of automatic segmentation of the left ventricle (a,c,e,g) and manual corrections (b,d,f,h).** Especially on the slice showing the left ventricular outflow tract (a,b), the contours had to be corrected manually. Green = epicardial contour. Red and orange = endocardial contour. Pink = contours of papillary muscles, which were included into the left ventricular lumen. LV = left ventricle; RV = right ventricle.

