

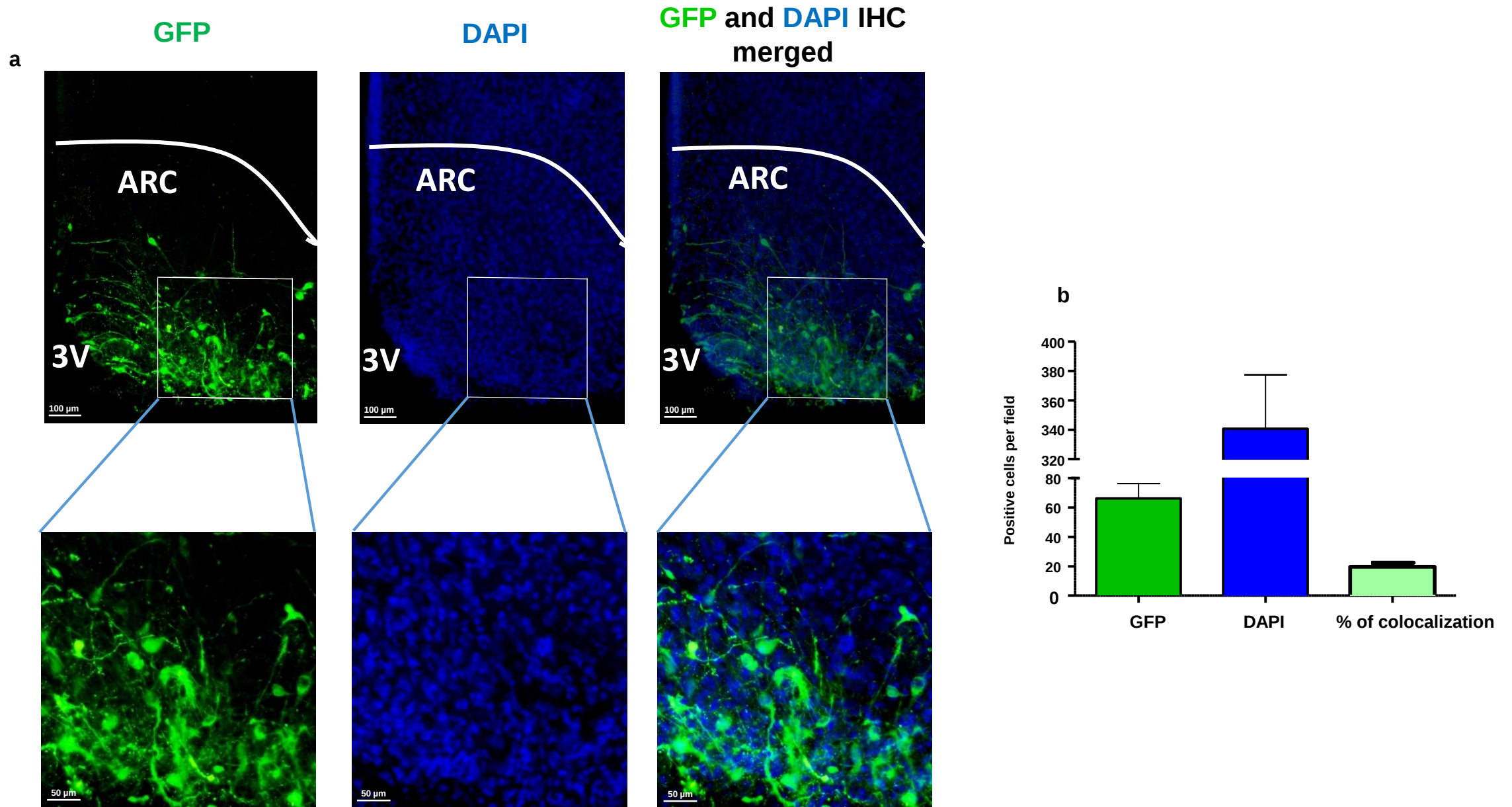
Supplementary table 1. Antibody used for western blot and immunohistochemistry determination.

Peptide/protein target	Name of Antibody	Manufacturer, catalog	Species raised in; monoclonal or polyclonal	Dilution used
Acetil-p53	Acetyl-p53 (Lys 379) Rabbit Antibody	Cell Signaling, #2570	rabbit, polyclonal	1:500
ATF6 α	Anti-ATF-6 α antibody	Santa cruz biotechnology, sc-22799	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
BAX	Bax Antibody	Cell Signaling, #2772	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
Caspase 3	Caspase-3 (8G10)Rabbit mAb	Cell Signaling, #9665	rabbit, monoclonal	1:1000
Caspase 7	Caspase-7 Antibody	Cell Signaling, #9492	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
CHOP	Anti-CHOP (GADD R-20) Antibody	Santa cruz biotechnology, sc-793	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
GAPDH	Anti GAPDH Mouse mAb (6C5)	Millipore, CB1001	mouse, monoclonal	1:5000
GRP78	Anti GRP78 antibody	Cell Signaling, #3183	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
IL-1 β	Anti-IL1 beta antibody	Abcam, ab9722	rabbit, polyclonal	1:500
IL-6	Anti-IL6 antibody	Abcam, ab6672	rabbit, polyclonal	1:500
IRE 1	Anti IRE 1 antibody	Abcam, ab37073	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
JNK1/3	Anti JNK (c-17)antibody	Santa cruz biotechnology, sc-474	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
MKK4	SEK1/MKK4 Antibody	Cell Signaling, #9152	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
MKK7	MKK7 Antibody	Cell Signaling, #4172	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000

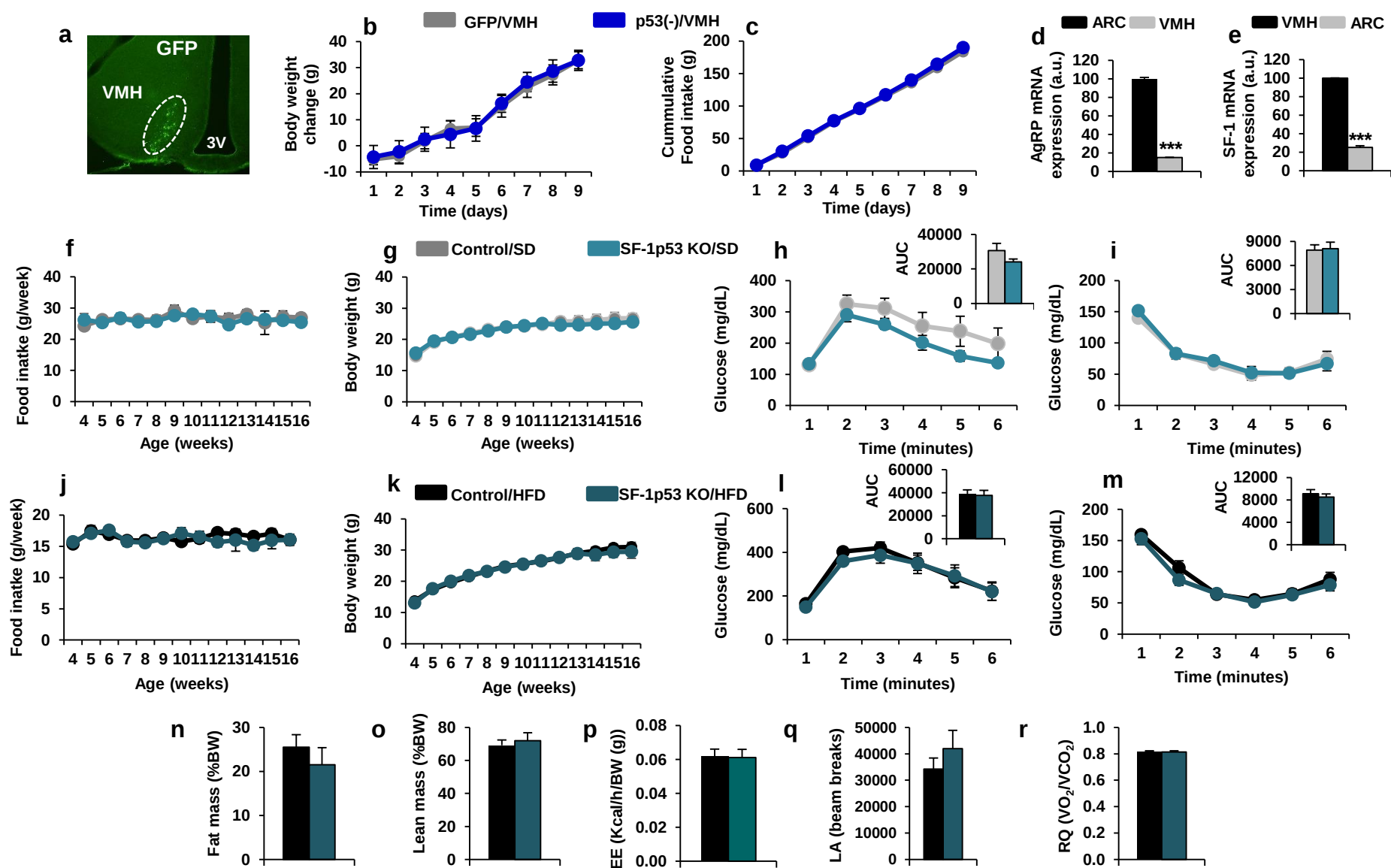
p53	p53 (1C12) Mouse mAb	Cell Signaling, #2524	mouse, monoclonal	1:1000
P66-shc	Anti-SHC (phosphoS36) antibody	Abcam, ab54518	mouse, monoclonal	1:1000
PARP	PARP Antibody	Cell Signalling, #9542	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
phospho- AMPKα	Anti phospho-AMPKα (Thr172)(40H9) Antibody	Cell Signalling, #2535	rabbit, monoclonal	1:1000
phospho-JNK	Anti-SAPK/JNK (Thr183/Tyr185) antibody	Cell Signalling#4668	rabbit, monoclonal	1:1000
phospho-p53	Phospho-p53 (Ser15) Antibody	Cell Signaling, #9284	rabbit, polyclonal	1:500
phospho-PERK	Anti-phospho PERK(Thr 981)	Santa cruz biotechnology, sc-32577	rabbit, polyclonal	1:1000
UCP1	Anti-UCP1 antibody	Abcam, ab10983	rabbit, polyclonal	1:10000
XBP-1	Anti XBP1 antibody	Santa cruz biotechnology, sc-7160	rabbit, monoclonal	1:1000
α-tubulin	Anti-α-tubulin antibody	Sigma Aldrich, T5168	mouse, monoclonal	1:10000
β-Actin	Anti-β-actin antibody	Sigma Aldrich A-5316	mouse, monoclonal	1:10000

Supplementary table 2. Primers and probes used for gene amplification.

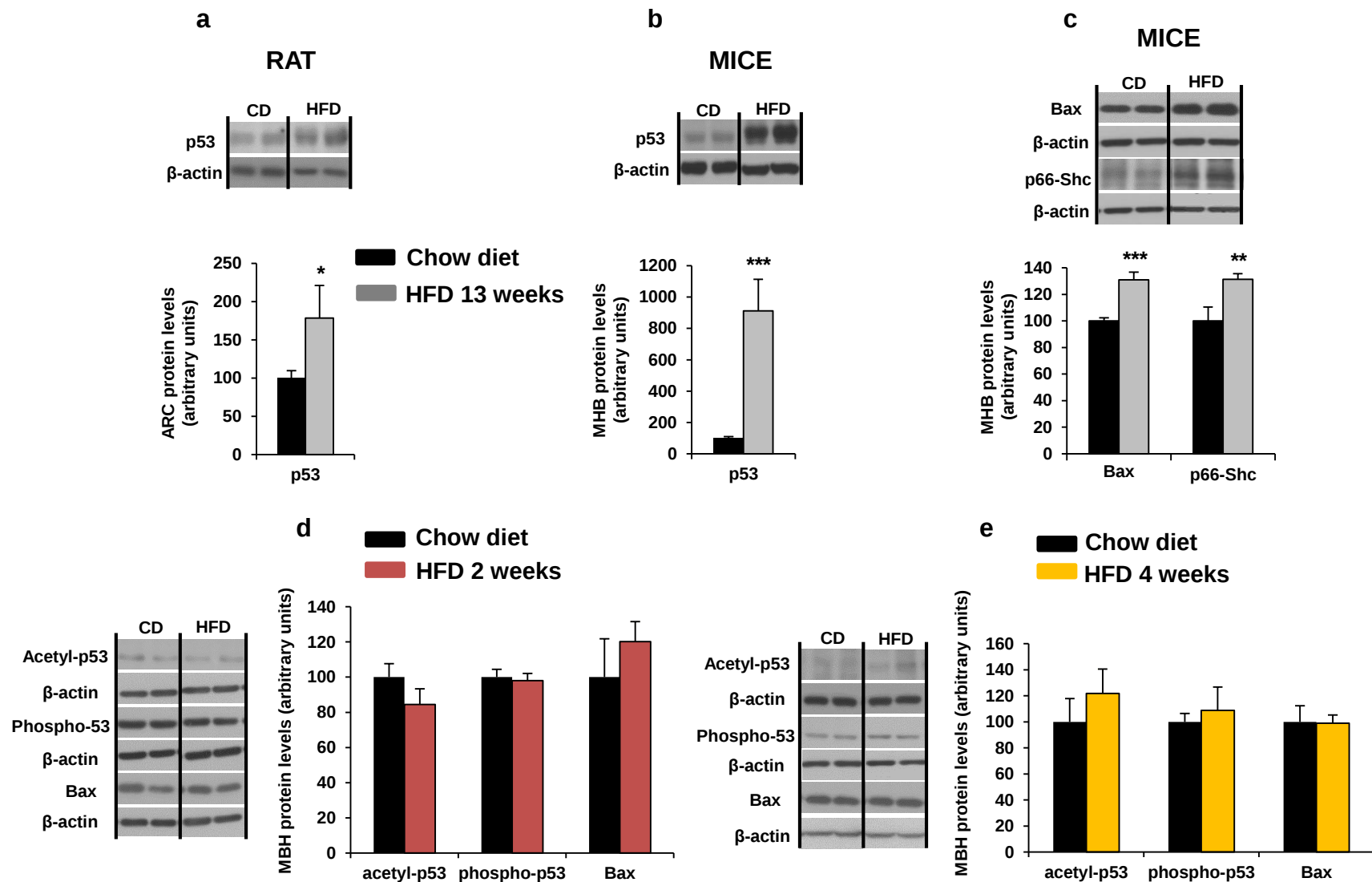
Gene	Direction	Primer sequence 5' → 3'
18S	FWD REV PB	CGG CTA CCA CAT CCA AGG AA GCT GGA ATT ACC GCG GCT GAC GGC AAG TCT GGT GCC AGC A
HPRT	FWD REV PB	AGCCGACCGGTTCTGTCAT GGTCATAACCTGGTTCATCATCAC CGACCCTCAGTCCCAGCGTCGTGAT
ACC	FWD REV PB	TGGGCGGGATGGTCTCTTT AGTCGCAGAAGCAGCCCATT ACCTTTGAAGATTTTCGTCAGGATCTTTGATGA
AgRP	FWD REV PB	GCA CAA GTG GCC AGG AAC TC CAG GAC ACA GCT CAG CAA CAT CAA GCA TCA ACA AGC AAA GGC CAT GC
β1-ADR	FWD REV PB	CCCCAAGTGCTGCGATT AGGTACACGAAGGCCATGATG TCGTCCGTCGTCTCCTTCTACGTGC
B2-ADR	FWD REV PB	GTGGATCGCTATGTTGCTATCACA CACTCGGGCCTTATTCTTGGT CGCCCTTCAAGTACCAGAGCCTGCT
B3-ADR	FWD REV PB	CACCGCTCAACAGGTTTGATG CCCAGAAGTCCTGCAAAAACG ACGTGAAGGGCCGTGAAGATCCAGC
CEBPα		Commercial probe Assay ID:Rn00560963_s1
FAS		Commercial probe Assay ID: Mm01253292_m1
LPL	FWD REV PB	GGGAAATGATGTGGCCAGATT CCCTAAGAGGTGGACGTTGTCT ACTGGATGGAAGGAGGAGGAGTTTAACTACCCCC
PPAR _γ	FWD REV PB	TGGAGTCCACGCATGTGAAG CGCCAGCTTTAGCCGAATAG CTGCAAGGGCTTCTTTTCGGCGA
SF-1		Commercial primers provided by Applied Biosystems (Ref. Rn00584298_m1)
UCP3		Commercial primers provided by Applied biosystems (Ref. Rn00565874 m1)



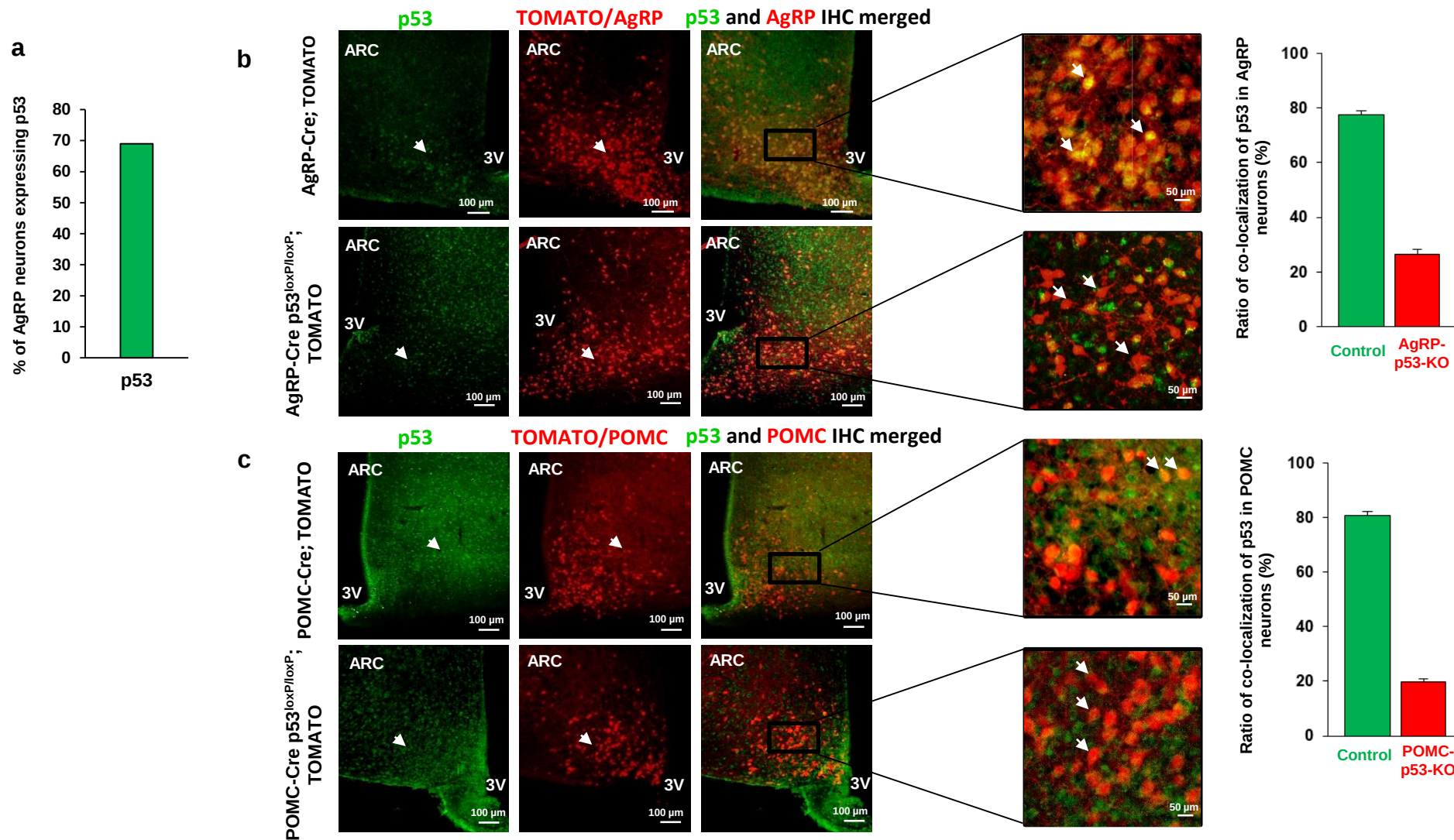
Supplementary Figure 1. Infection capacity and cells transducers after virogenetic inhibition of p53 into the ARC. Representative immunofluorescence showing GFP and DAPI expression in the ARC of rats after injection of Ad-DNp53RK in the ARC. Note the co-localization merged between GFP and DAPI (a). Number of GFP and DAPI positive cells and % of co-localization per field (b). Green and blue fluorescence staining represent GFP and DAPI reactivity, respectively. Dash lines indicate ARC boundaries. Abbreviations: third ventricle (3V), hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC), immunohistochemistry (IHC). Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 9-11 fields per group.



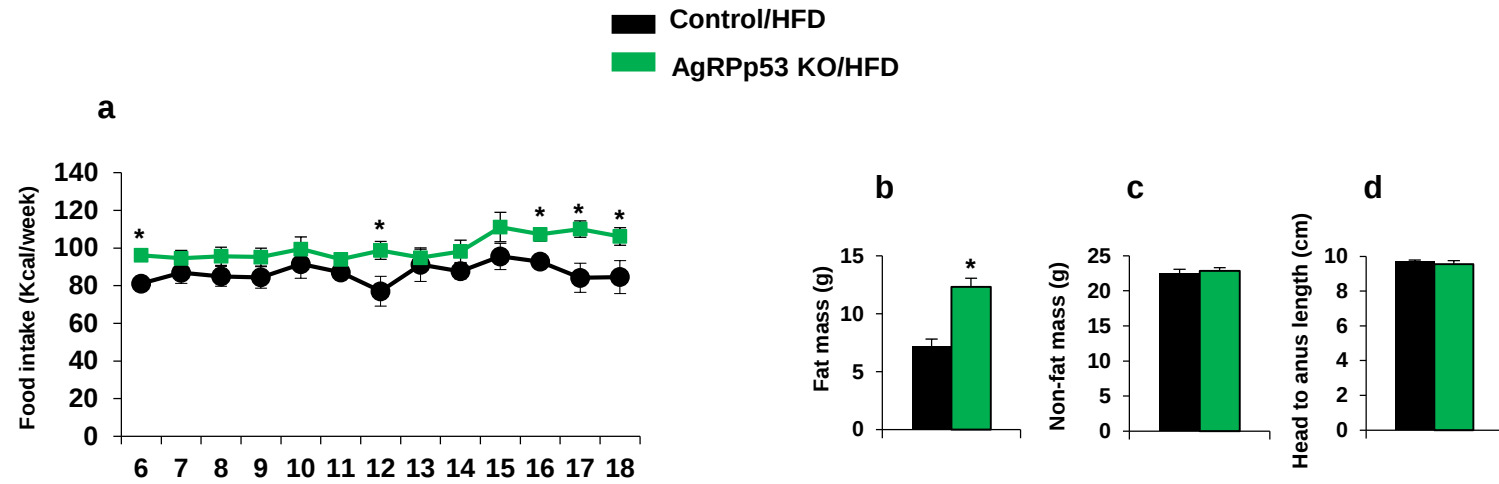
Supplementary Figure 2. Deletion of p53 in the VMH does not alter energy balance. Representative immunofluorescence showing GFP expression in the VMH (a). Body weight change (b) and cumulative food intake (c) of rats after 9 days of the injection of Ad-GFP and Ad-DNP53RK in the VMH. mRNA expression of AgRP (d) and SF1 (e) in the hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC) and ventromedial nucleus (VMH). Food intake (f); body weight (g); glucose tolerance test (h); and insulin tolerance test (i) in control and SF1-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP} mice fed a chow diet. Food intake (j); body weight change (k), glucose tolerance test (l); insulin tolerance test (m); fat mass (n); lean mass (o); energy expenditure (p); locomotor activity (LA) (q); and respiratory quotient (RQ) (r) in control and SF1-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP} mice fed a HFD. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 7-11 animals per group. * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$; *** $P < 0.001$.



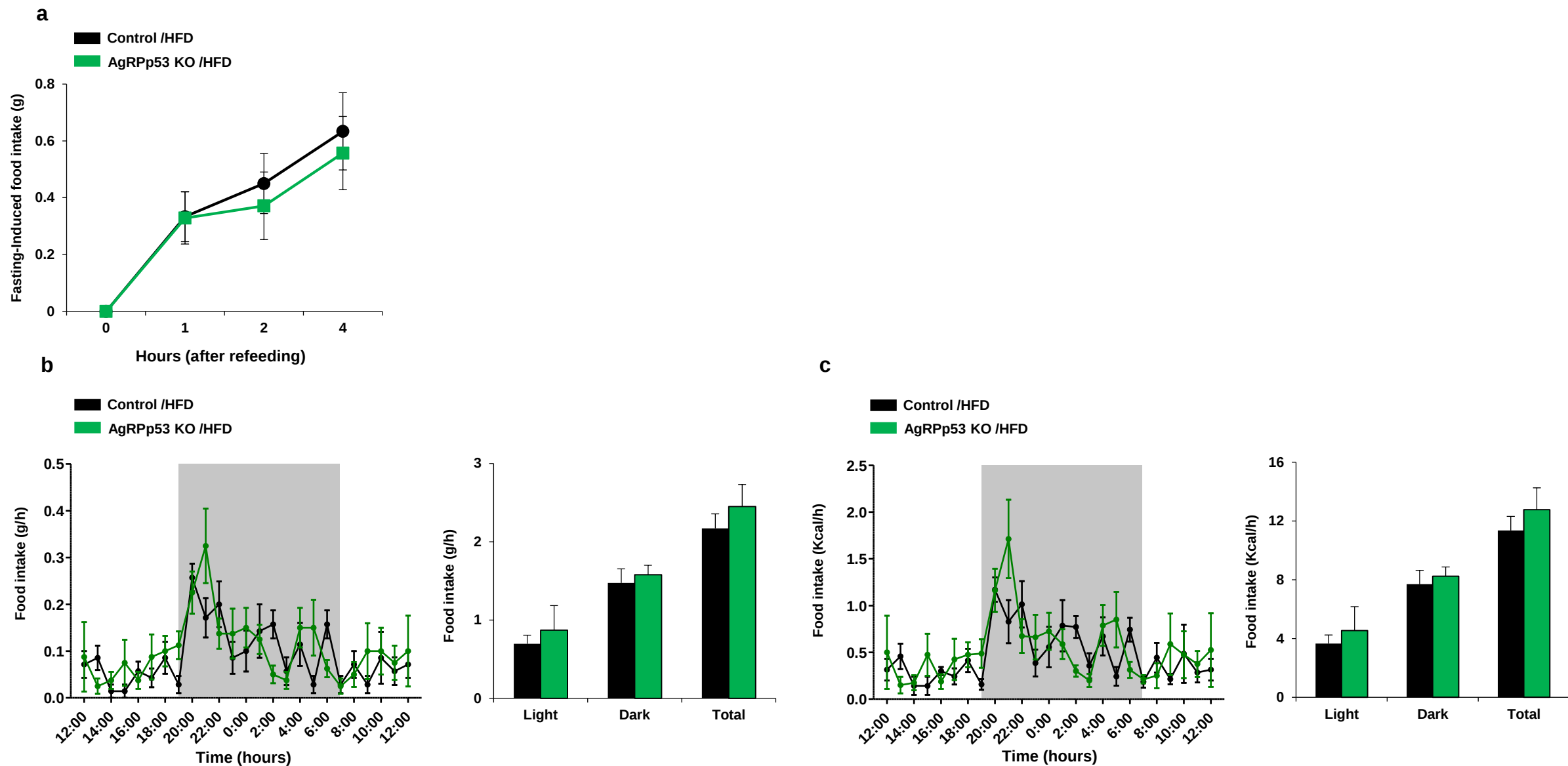
Supplementary figure 3. Effect of high fat diet in hypothalamic p53. Protein levels of p53 in the ARC of rats fed a chow diet (CD) or high fat diet (HFD) during 13 weeks (a). Protein levels of p53 in the mediobasal hypothalamus of mice fed a CD or HFD for 13 weeks (b). Protein levels of Bax and p66-Shc in the mediobasal hypothalamus of mice fed a CD or HFD for 13 weeks (c). Protein levels of acetyl-p53, phosphorylated levels of p53 and Bax in the mediobasal hypothalamus of mice fed a CD or HFD for 2 weeks (d) and for 4 weeks (e). β-actin was used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. Values are mean ± SEM of 5-7 animals per group. * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$; *** $P < 0.001$.



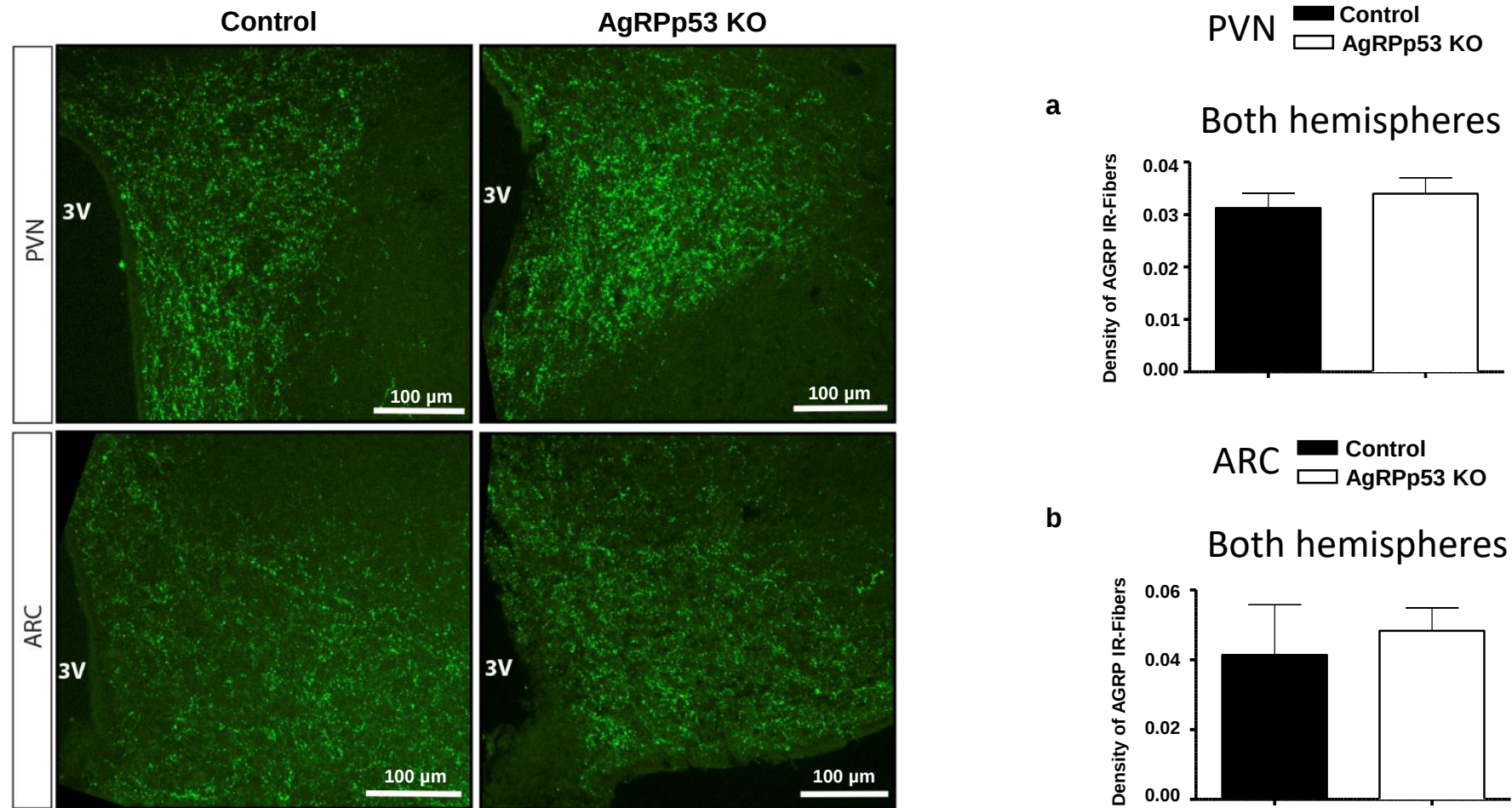
Supplementary figure 4. Deletion of p53 is restricted to AgRP and POMC neurons. FACS sorting and single-cell RNA sequencing of AgRP-eGFP neurons showing p53 expression (GEO Database repository: GEO Accession: GSE92707) (a). Representative photomicrographs of brain slices from *AgRP-Cre*; *Tomato* (control) or *AgRP-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP}*; *Tomato* (*AgRPp53 KO*) (b) and *POMC-Cre*; *Tomato* (control) or *POMC-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP}*; *Tomato* (*POMCp53 KO*) (c). Green fluorescence staining and red fluorescence represent p53 and AgRP or POMC immunoreactivity, respectively. Arrows indicate AgRP and POMC neurons. Note the co-localization between p53 and AgRP in *AgRP-Cre*; *Tomato* control brain (b). This co-localization is markedly reduced in AgRP neurons of *AgRP-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP}* mice. Note the co-localization between p53 and POMC in *POMC-Cre*; *Tomato* control brain (c). This co-localization is markedly reduced in POMC neurons of *POMC-Cre p53^{loxP/loxP}* mice. *Tomato* brain (c). Dash lines indicate ARC boundaries. Abbreviations: third ventricle (3V), hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC), immunohistochemistry (IHC).



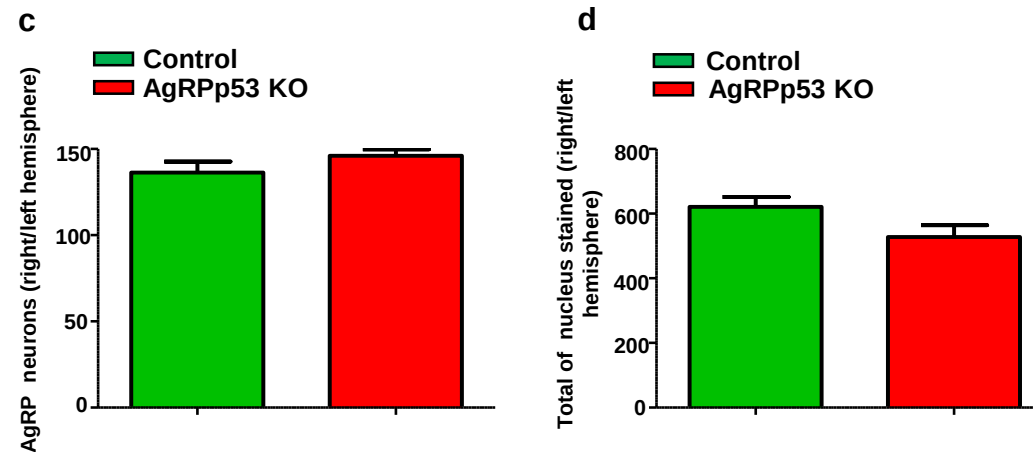
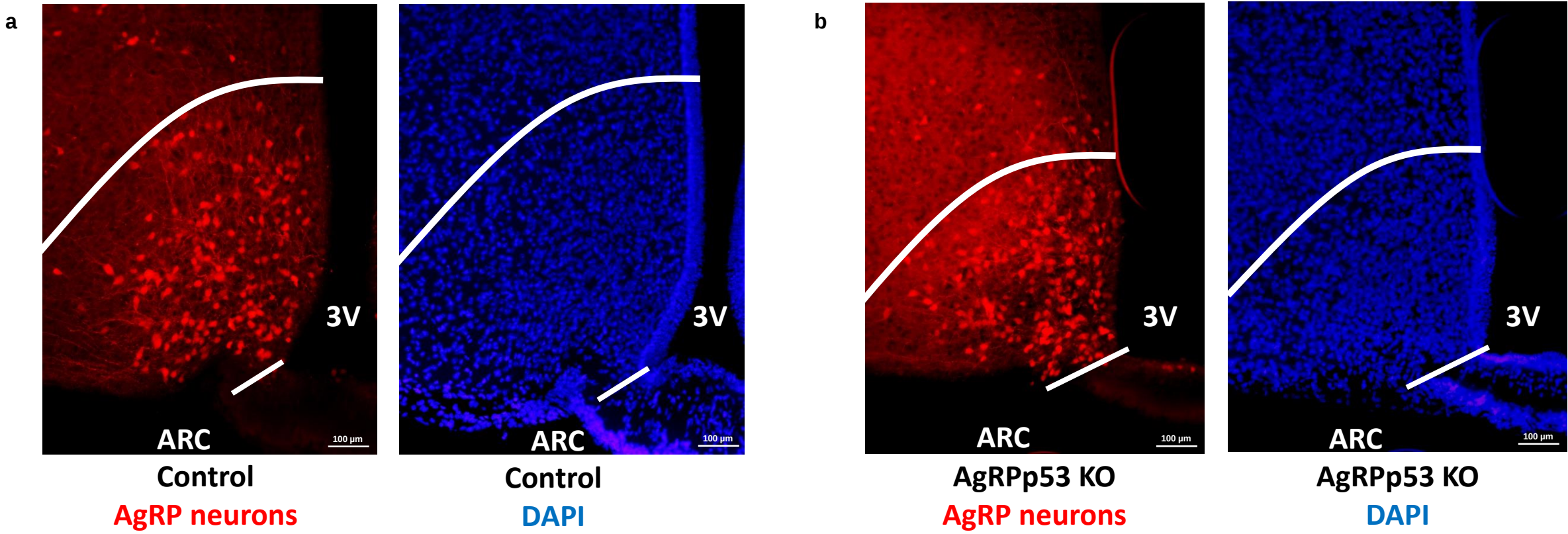
Supplementary Figure 5. Food intake, adiposity and body length. Weekly energy intake (a); fat mass (g) (b); non-fat mass (g) (c) and body length from head to anus (d) of control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 5-10 animals per group. * $P < 0.05$.



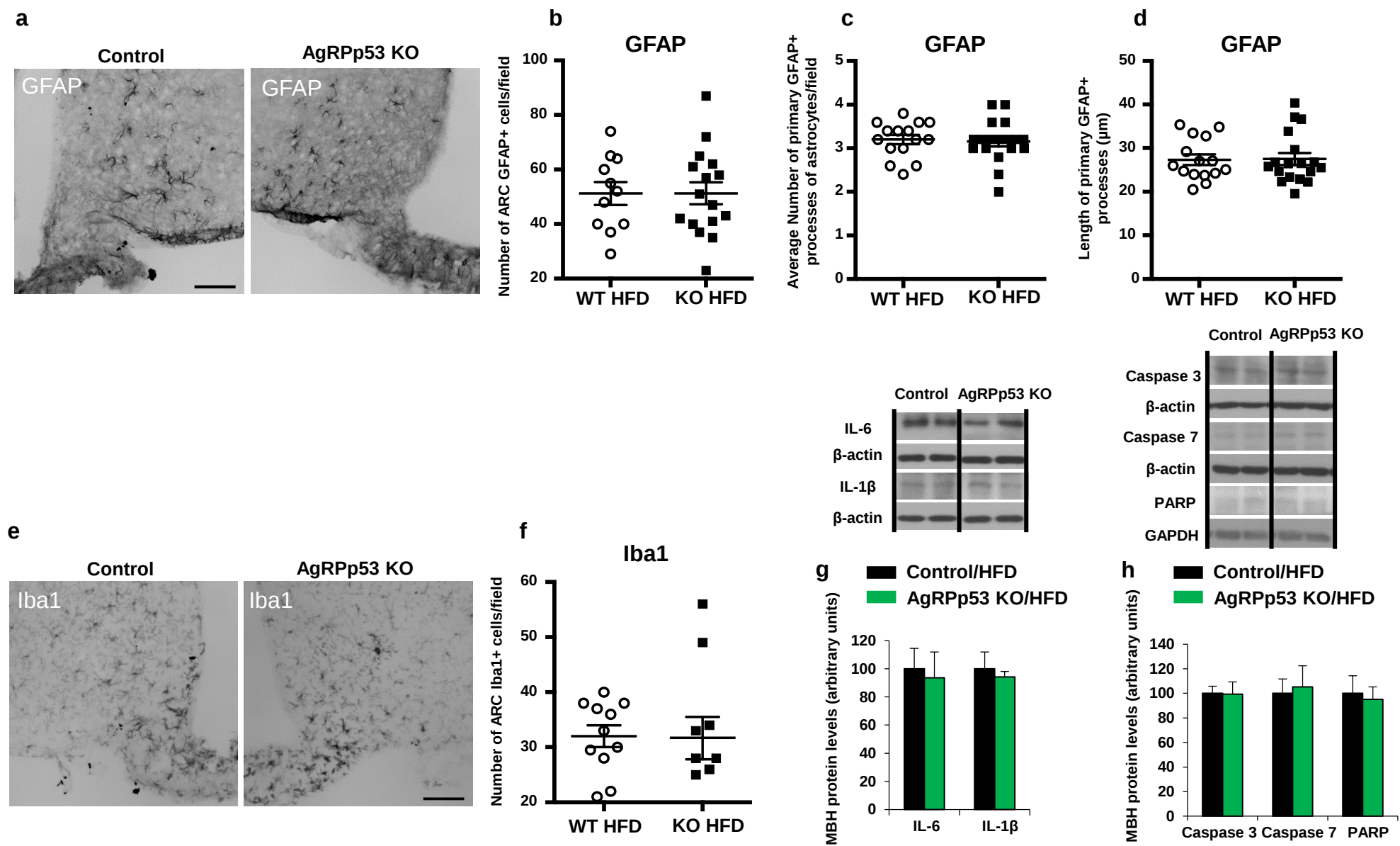
Supplementary Figure 6. Fasting-induced refeeding and circadian cycles. Food intake of control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD fasted overnight and then refed for 4 hours (a). Feeding pattern of control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 10 weeks over the 24-hour cycle during light and dark periods. Food intake represented as (g/h) (b) or (Kcal/h) (c). Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 5-8 animals per group.



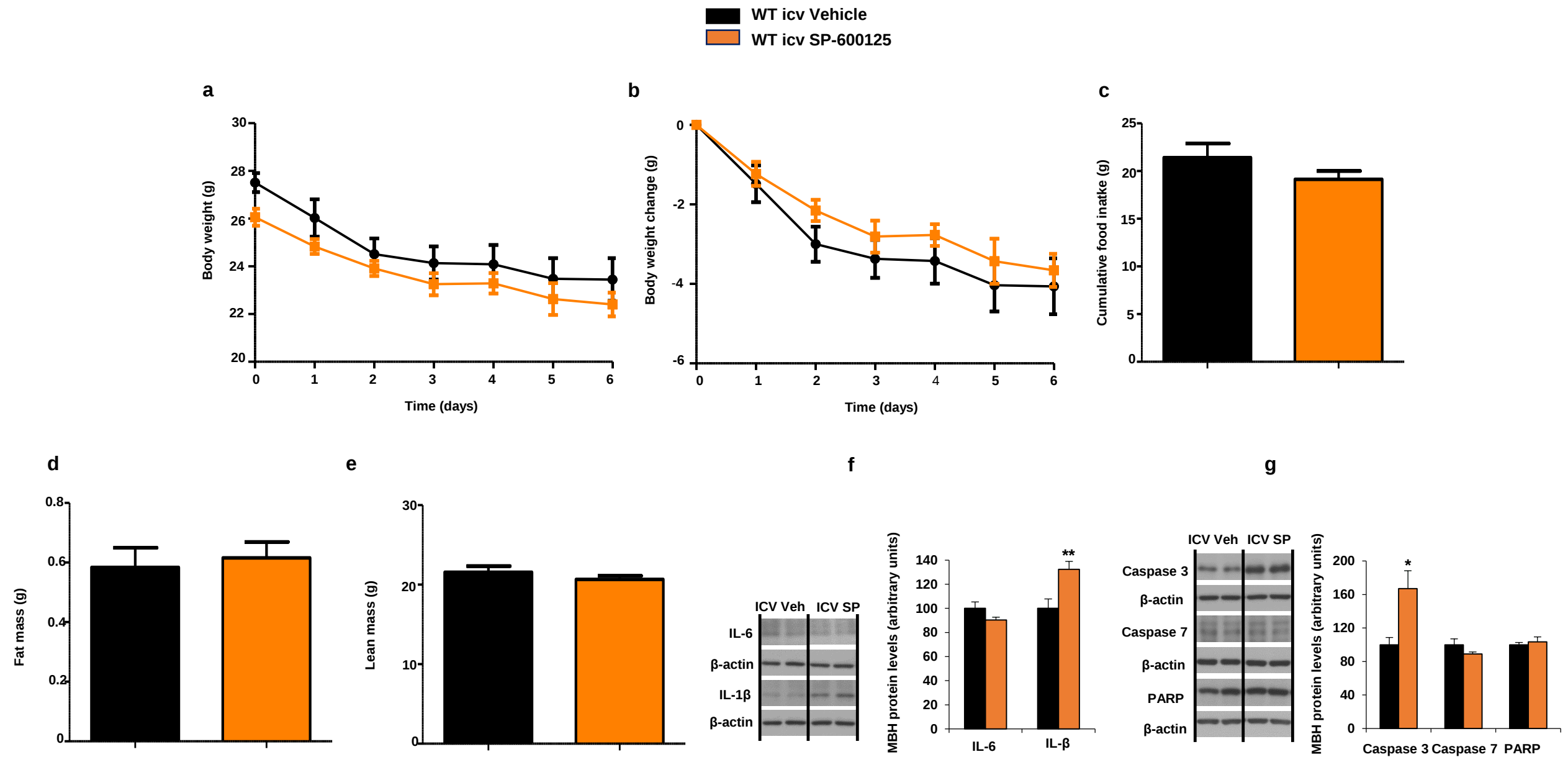
Supplementary Figure 7. AgRP fiber density is similar between Control and AgRPp53 KO mice. Representative immunofluorescence images showing AgRP staining in the PVN (a) and ARC (b) of control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks and integrated density quantification. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 6-26 fields per group. Abbreviations: third ventricle (3V), hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC), hypothalamic paraventricular nucleus (PVN).



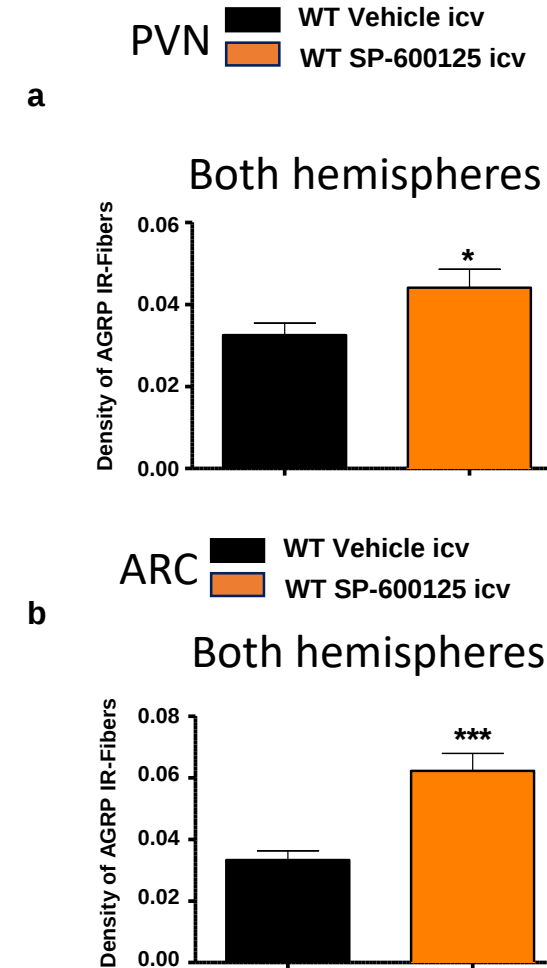
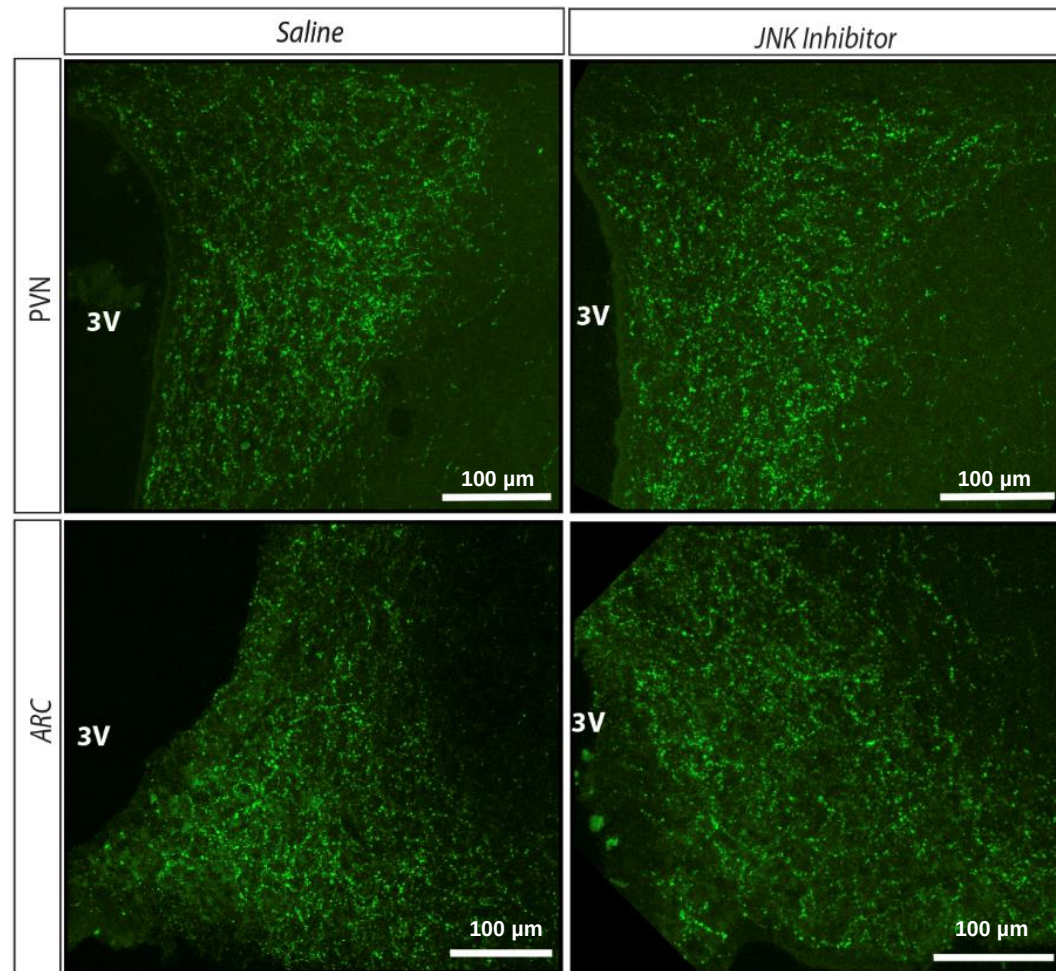
Supplementary Figure 8. Number of AgRP neurons in control and AgRPp53 KO mice. Representative immunofluorescence showing AgRP neurons and DAPI in the ARC of control (a) and AgRPp53 KO mice (b). Number of AgRP and DAPI positive cells in the ARC of control (c) and AgRPp53 KO mice (d). Red and blue fluorescence staining represents AgRP and DAPI reactivity, respectively. Dash lines indicate ARC boundaries. Abbreviations: third ventricle (3V) and hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC). Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 7-16 fields per group.



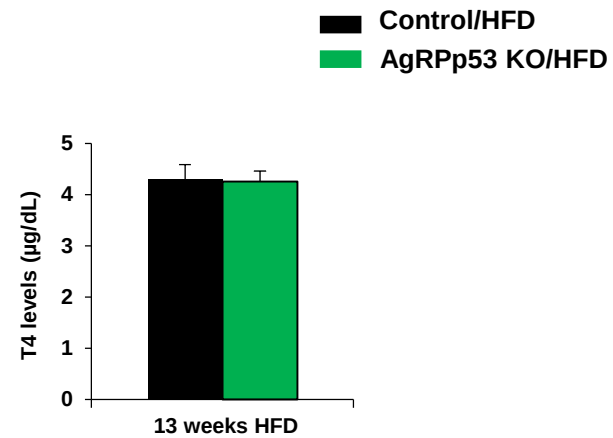
Supplementary Figure 9. Inflammation, apoptosis and senescence in AgRPp53 KO mice. Illustration of GFAP-ir astrocytes in the ARC (a); quantification of the number of GFAP-ir astrocytes (b); number of primary GFAP+ processes of astrocytes; (c) length of primary GFAP+ processed (d) per field in the ARC from control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks. Illustration of Iba1-ir microglia in the ARC in the ARC (e); quantification of the number of iba1-ir microglia per field in the ARC (f) from control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks. MBH protein levels of IL-6 and IL-1 β (g) and caspase 3, caspase 7 and PARP (h) from control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks. β-actin and GAPDH were used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. nValues are mean ± SEM of 8-11 mice per group.



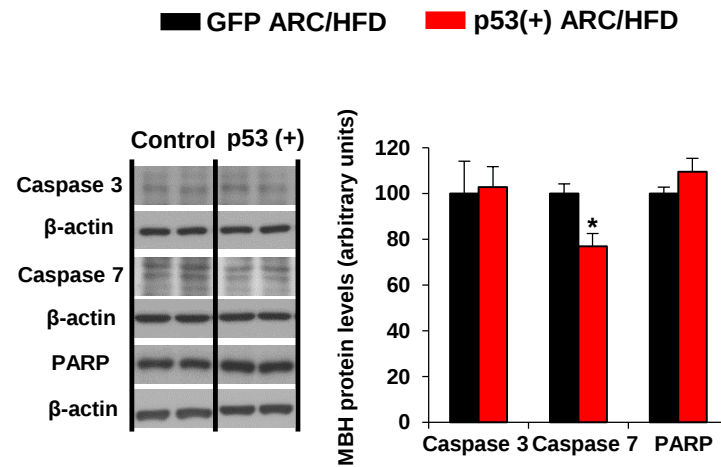
Supplementary Figure 10. The JNK inhibitor SP-600125 did not modify body weight, food intake or adiposity in control mice fed a chow diet. Body weight (a); body weight change (b); cumulative food intake (c); fat mass (d); non-fat mass (e) MBH protein levels of IL-6 and IL-1 β (f); MBH protein levels of caspase 3, caspase 7 and PARP (g); of mice after i.c.v. injection of saline or SP-600125 (1.5 μ g/mouse) during 6 days. β -actin was used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 6-10 animals per group. * P < 0.05; ** P < 0.01.



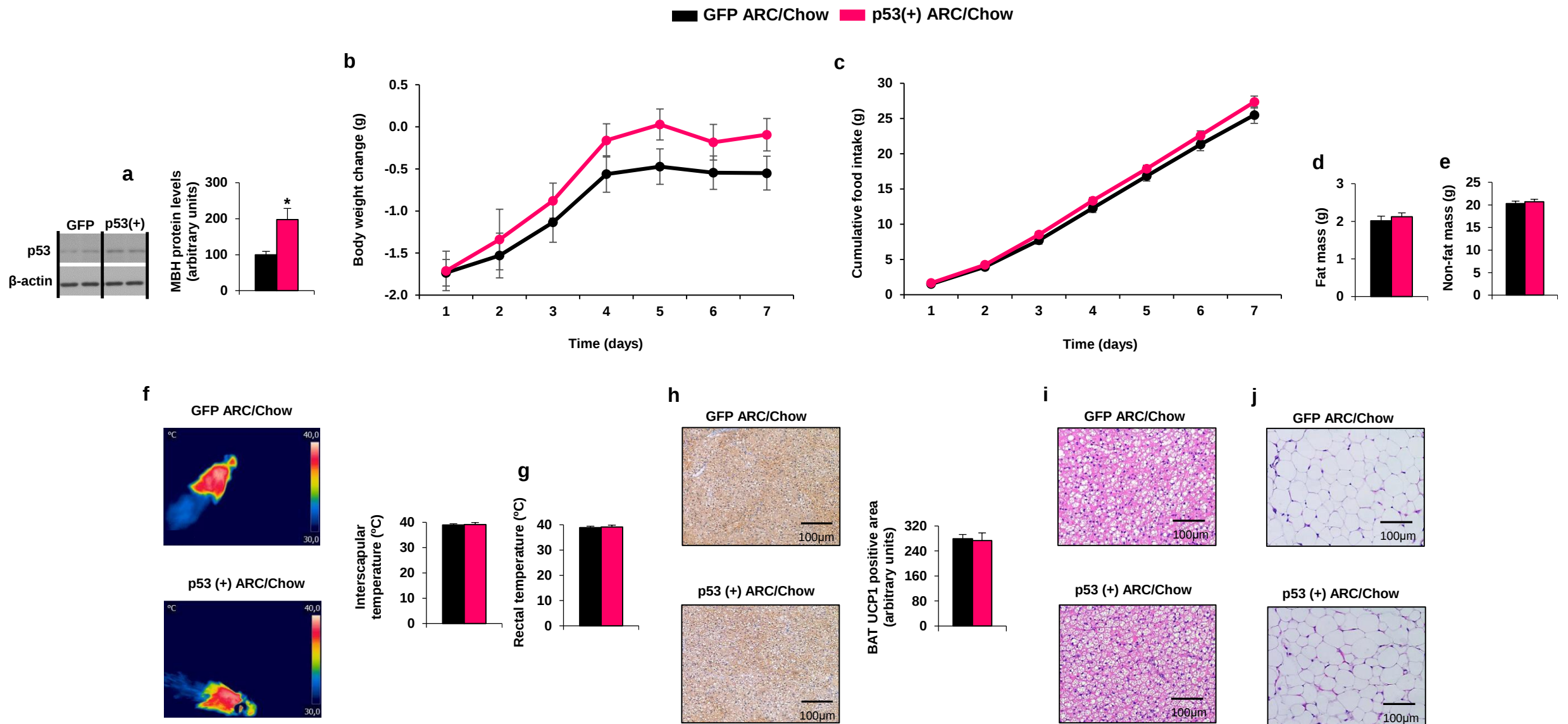
Supplementary Figure 11. The JNK inhibitor SP-600125 did not affect AgRP fiber density in the ARC and PVN. Representative immunofluorescence images showing AgRP staining in the PVN (a) and ARC (b) of control mice after i.c.v. injection of saline or JNK inhibitor SP-600125 and integrated density quantification (a-b). Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 8-24 fields per group. * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$; *** $P < 0.001$. Abbreviations: third ventricle (3V), hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC), hypothalamic paraventricular nucleus (PVN).



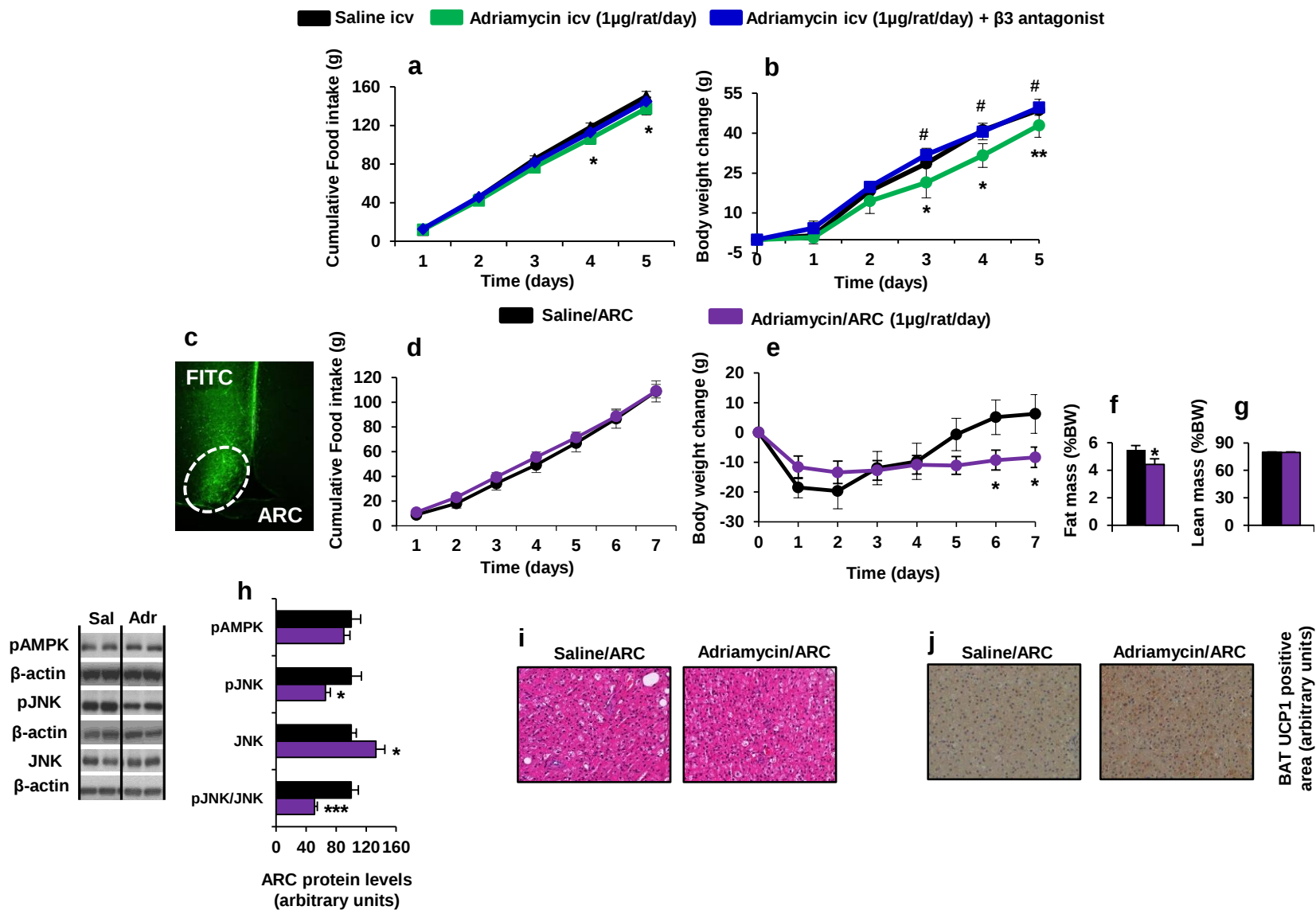
Supplementary Figure 12. Circulating T4 levels were similar between control and AgRPp53 KO mice. Levels of thyroxine (T4) in control and AgRPp53 KO mice fed a HFD for 13 weeks. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 6-10 animals per group.



Supplementary Figure 13. Apoptosis and senescence markers in DIO mice after over-expression of p53 in ARC. MBH protein levels of caspase 3, caspase 7 and PARP from DIO mice after injection of Ad-GFP or Ad-p53 in the ARC during 7 days. β -actin was used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 5-7 animals per group. * $P < 0.05$.



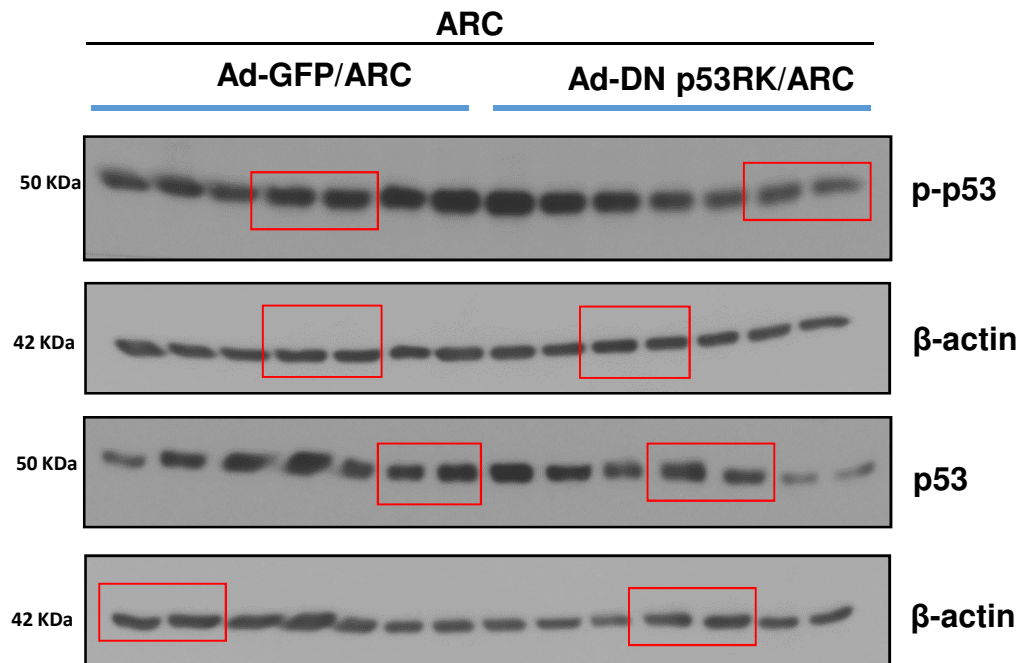
Supplementary Figure 14. The effects of hypothalamic p53 on energy balance are diet dependent. ARC protein levels of p53 (a); body weight change (b); cumulative food intake (c); fat mass (d); non-fat mass (e); representative infrared thermal images and temperature of the BAT (f); rectal temperature (g); BAT UCP1 immunostaining (h); representative pictures of BAT histology (hematoxylin-eosin) (i); representative pictures of WAT histology (hematoxylin-eosin) (j) from lean mice after injection of Ad-GFP or Ad-p53 in the ARC during 7 days. β -actin was used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 7-18 animals per group. * $P < 0.05$.



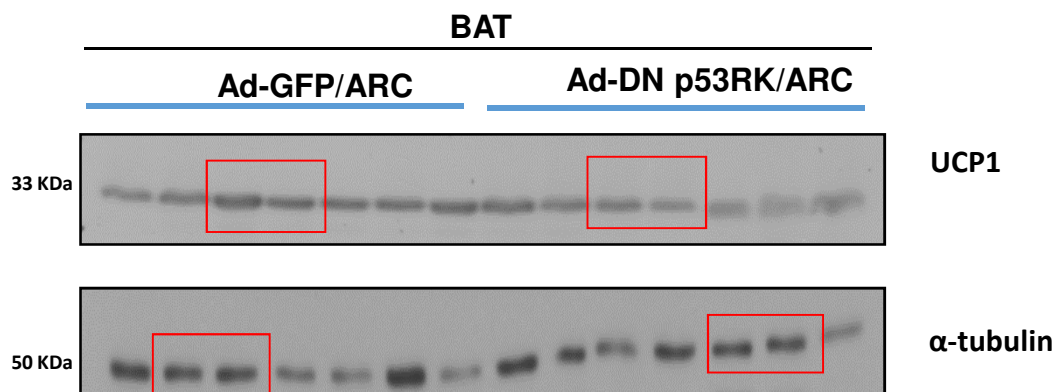
Supplementary figure 15. Effects of pharmacological stimulation of p53 with adriamycin on energy balance are mediated by the sympathetic nervous system. Effects of 5 days i.c.v. injections of vehicle, adriamycin (1 μ g/rat/day) or SR59230A (3 mg/kg/day) in rats fed a high fat diet. Cumulative food intake (a) and body weight change (b). Fluorescein-isothio-cyanate (FITC) staining in the hypothalamic arcuate nucleus (ARC) (c); cumulative food intake (d); body weight (e); fat mass (f), lean mass (g); protein levels of pAMPK, pJNK and JNK in the ARC (h); representative BAT histology pictures (hematoxylin-eosin) (i), and BAT UCP1 immunostaining (j) of rats after the infusion of adriamycin in the ARC for 7 days. β -actin was used to normalize protein levels. Dividing lines indicate spliced bands from the same gel. Values are mean $\pm$ SEM of 7-15 animals per group. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01.

Uncropped blots for Figures 1b and 1h

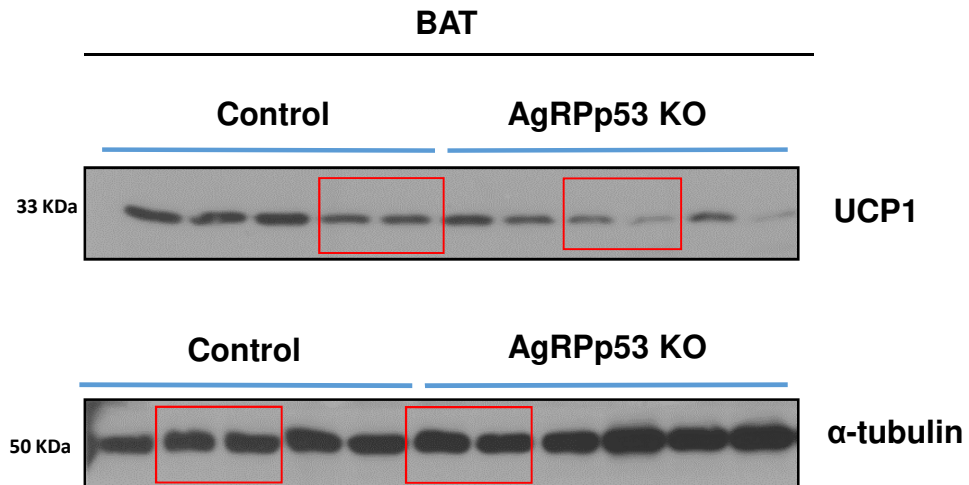
Related to Figure 1b



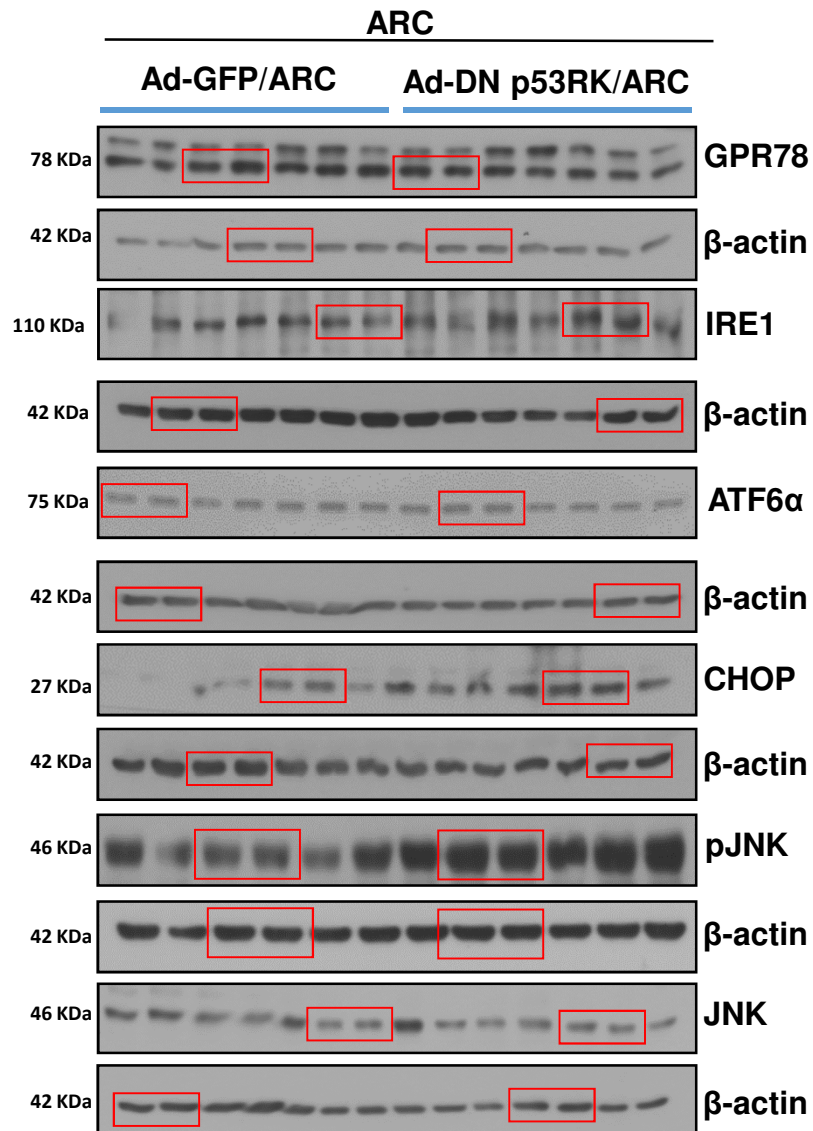
Related to Figure 1h



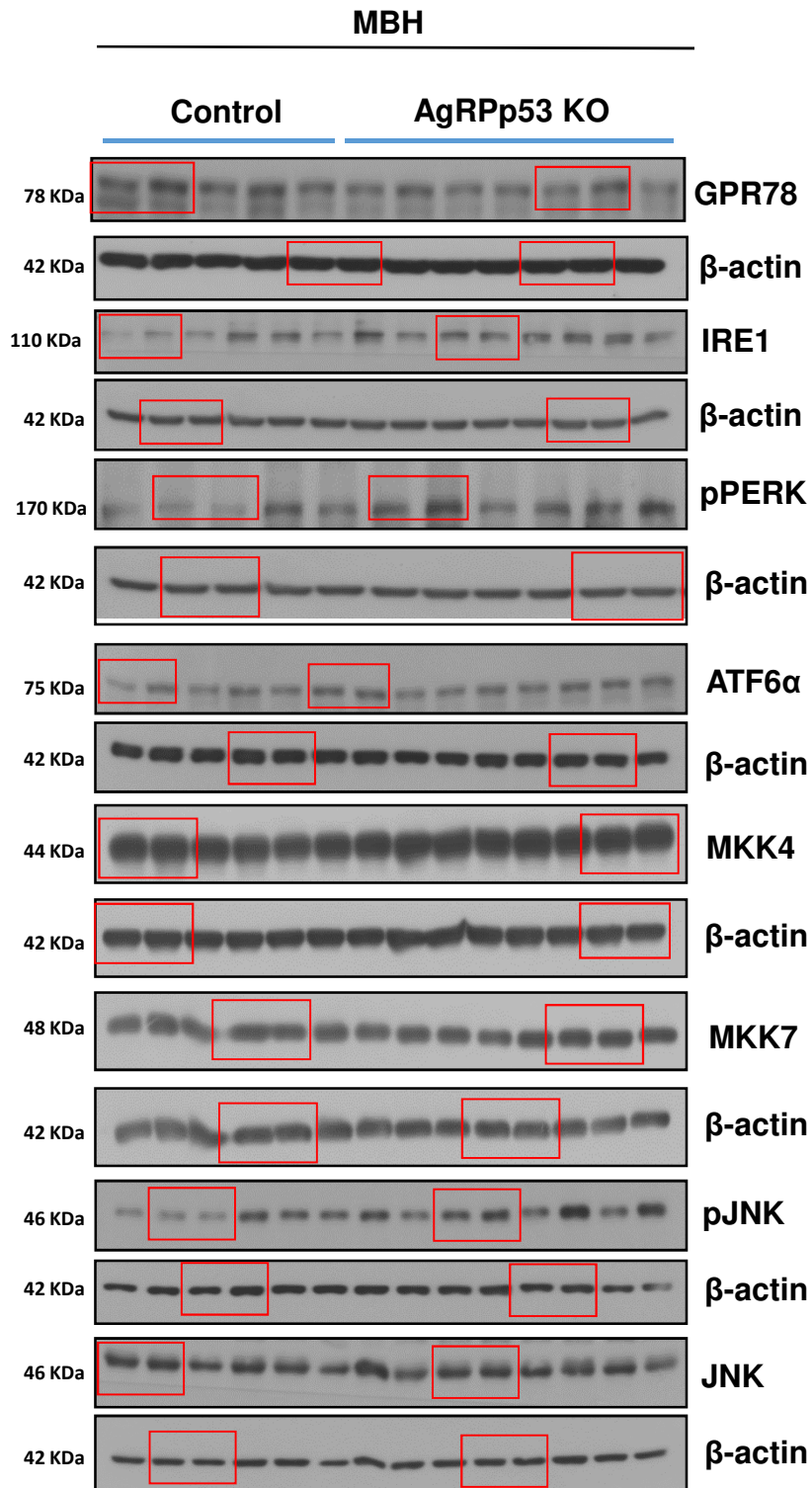
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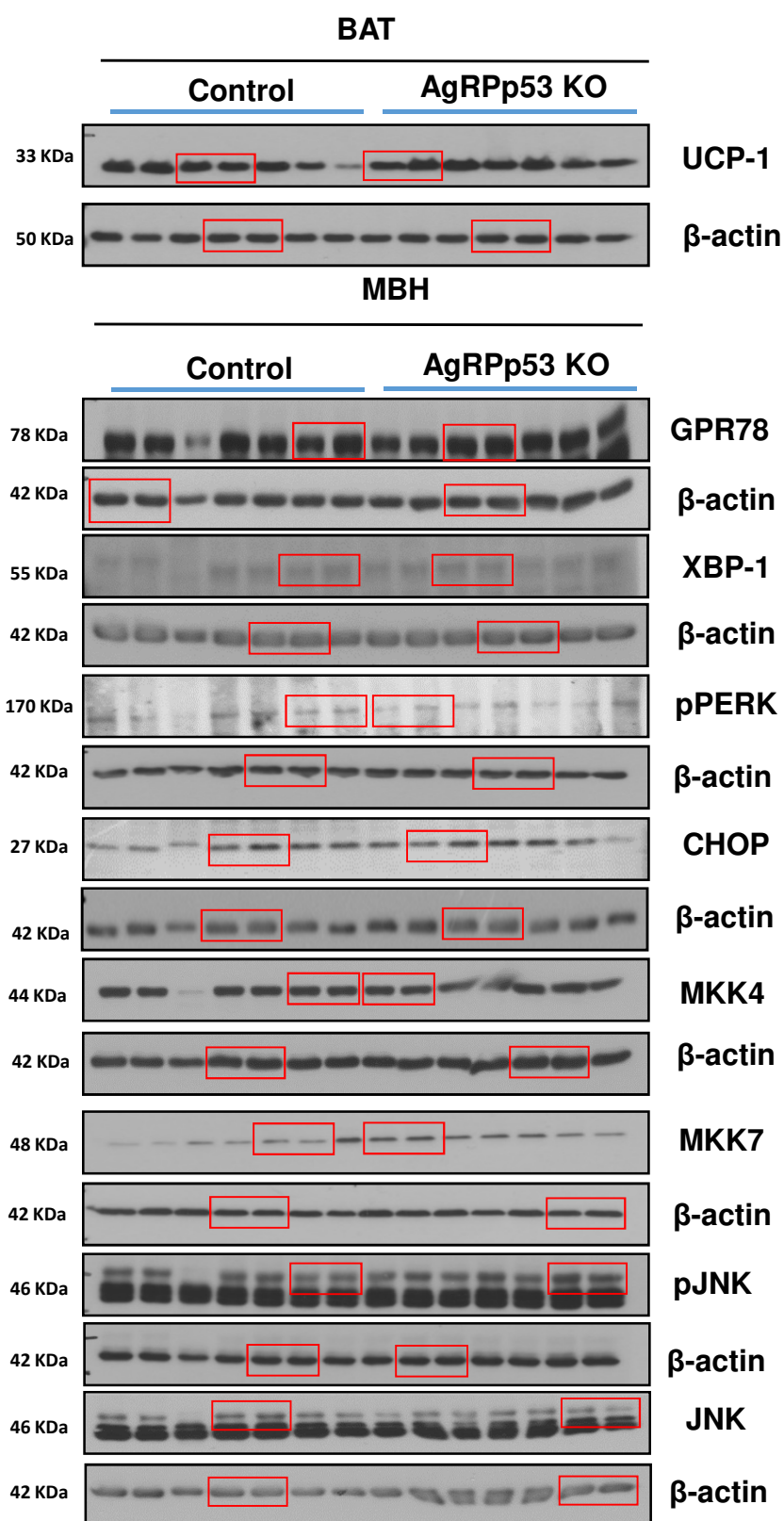
Related to Figure 5a



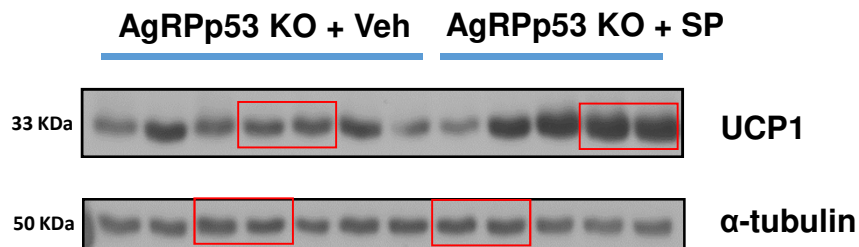
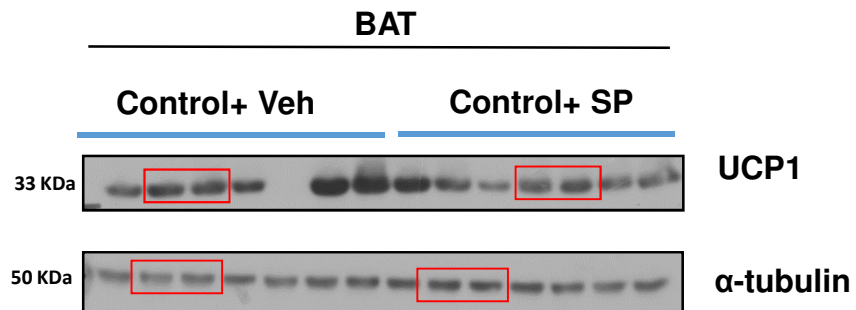
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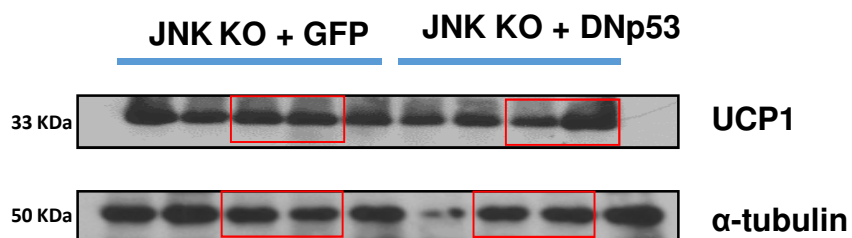
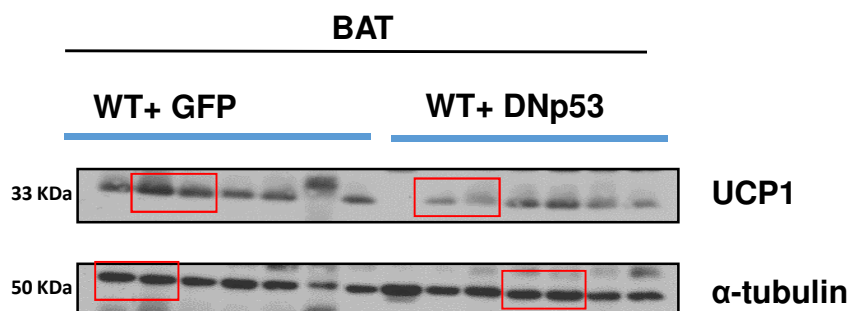
Related to Figure 6h and 6j



Related to Figure 7f and 7g

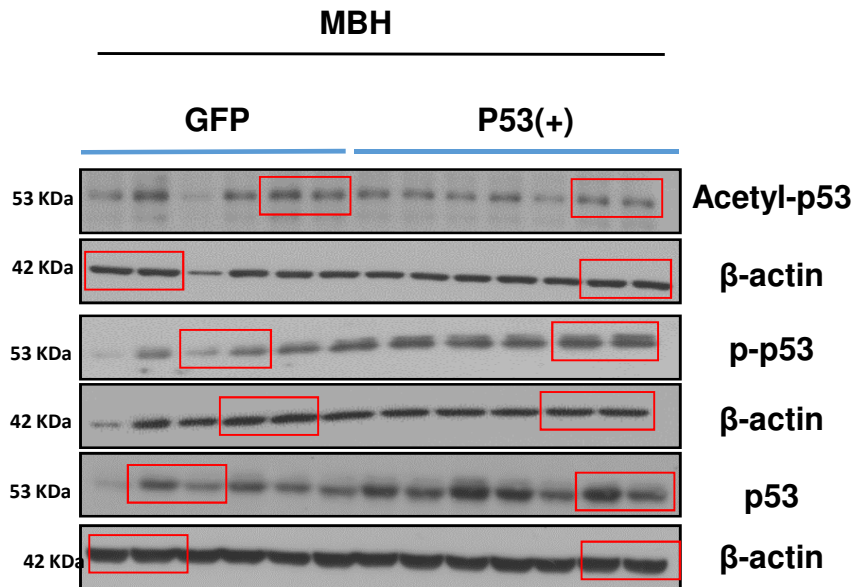


Related to Figure 7p and 7q

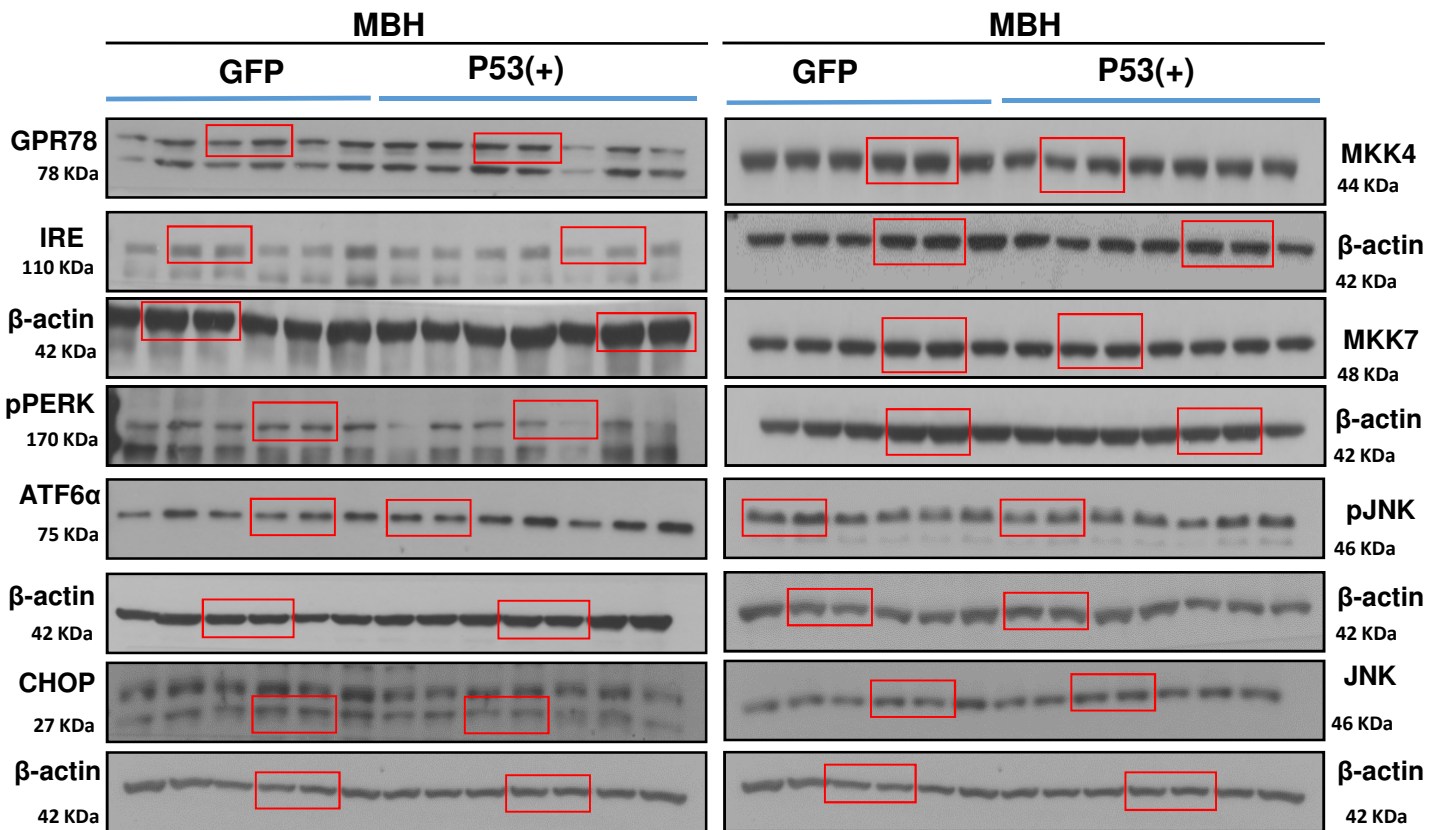


Uncropped blots for Figure 8b and 8o

Related to Figure 8b



Related to Figure 8o

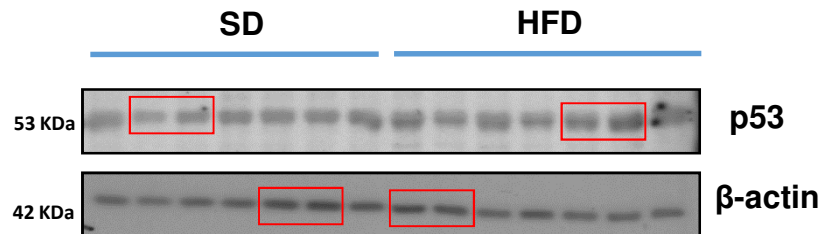


Supplementary figure 16. Appendix figure 8.

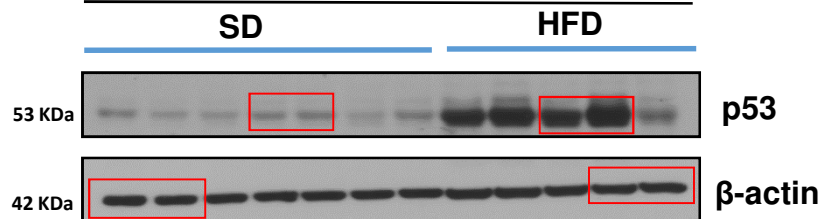
Uncropped blots for Figure S3a,S3b,S3c,S3d and S3e

Related to Figure S3a, S3b, S3c,S3d and S3e

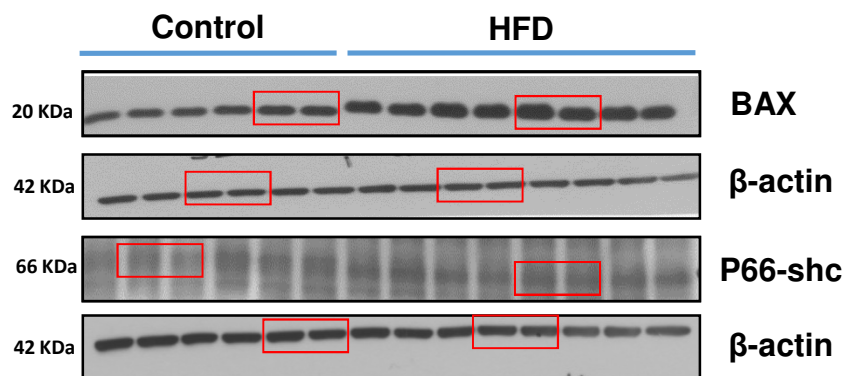
ARC Rat



MBH Mice

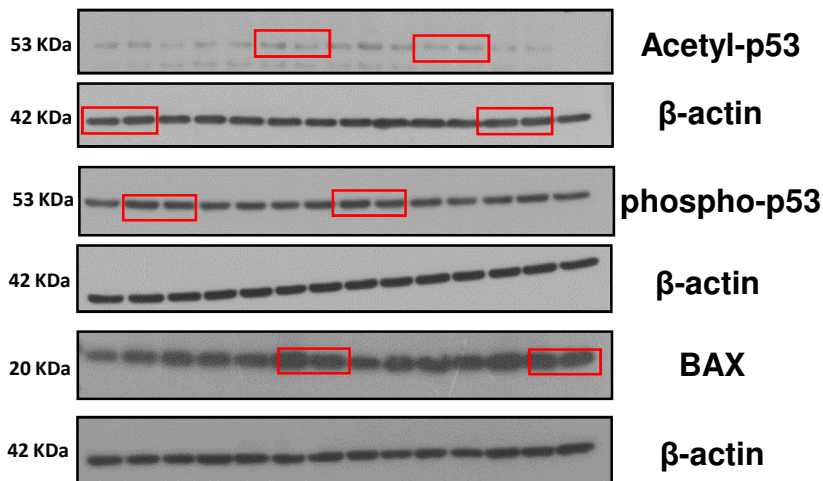


MBH Mice



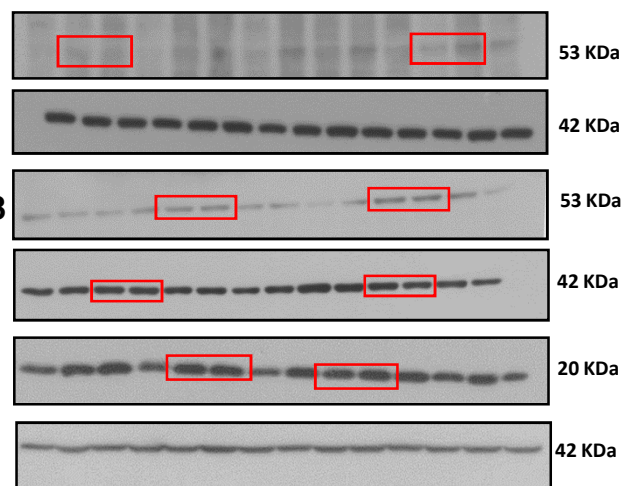
MBH Mice 2weeks

Chow HFD



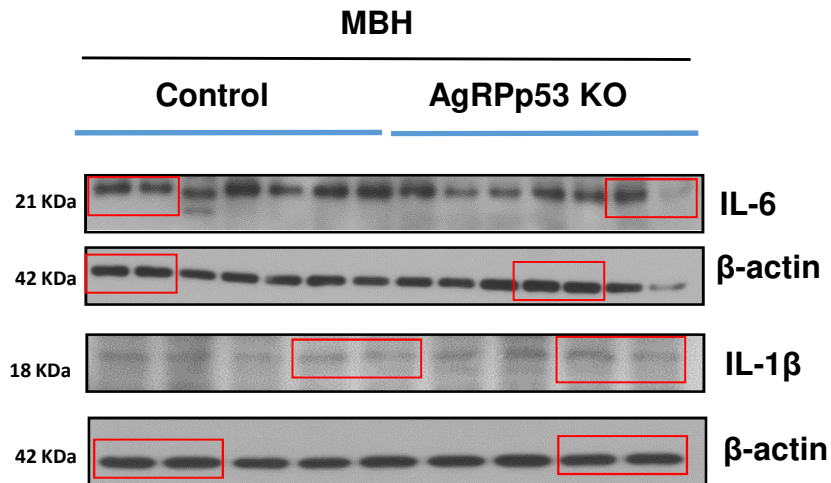
MBH Mice 4weeks

Chow HFD

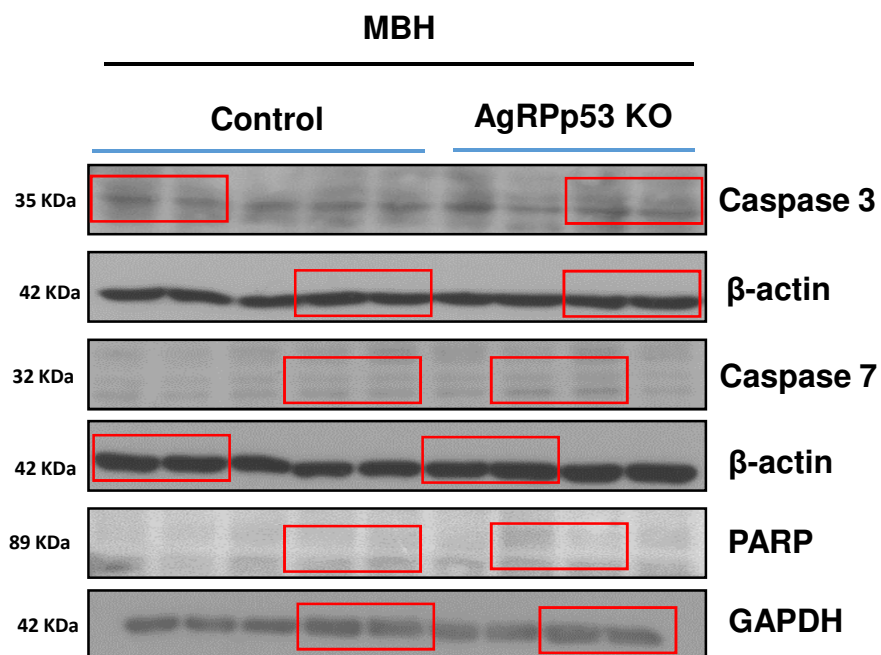


Supplementary figure 16. Appendix figure S3.

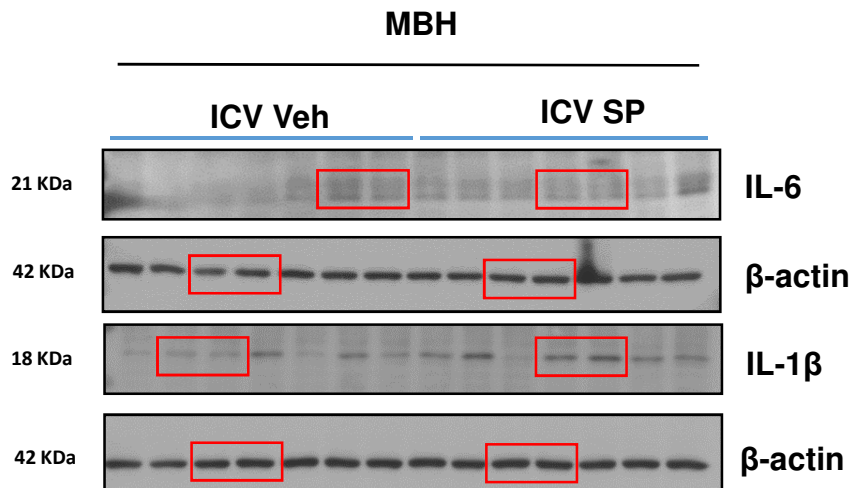
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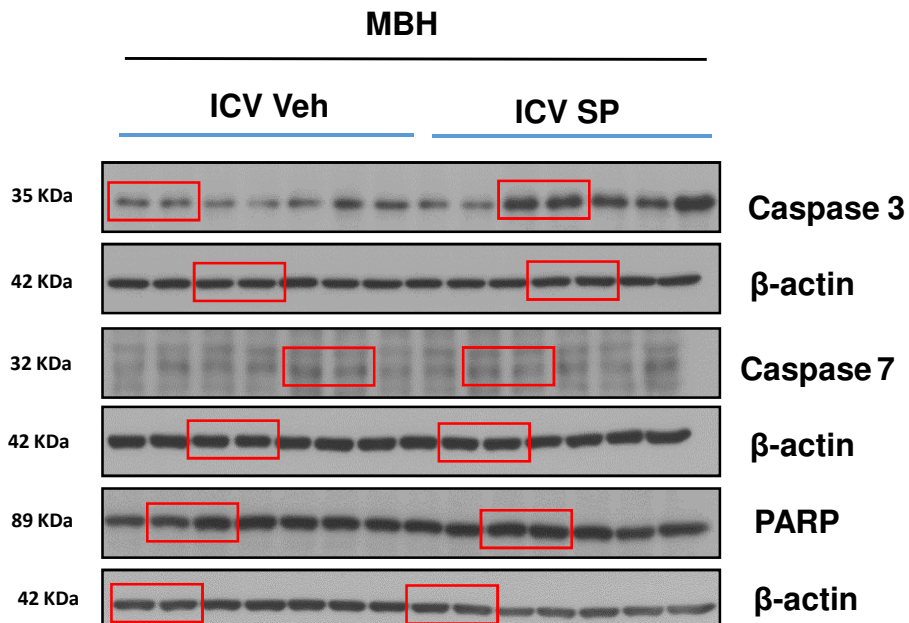
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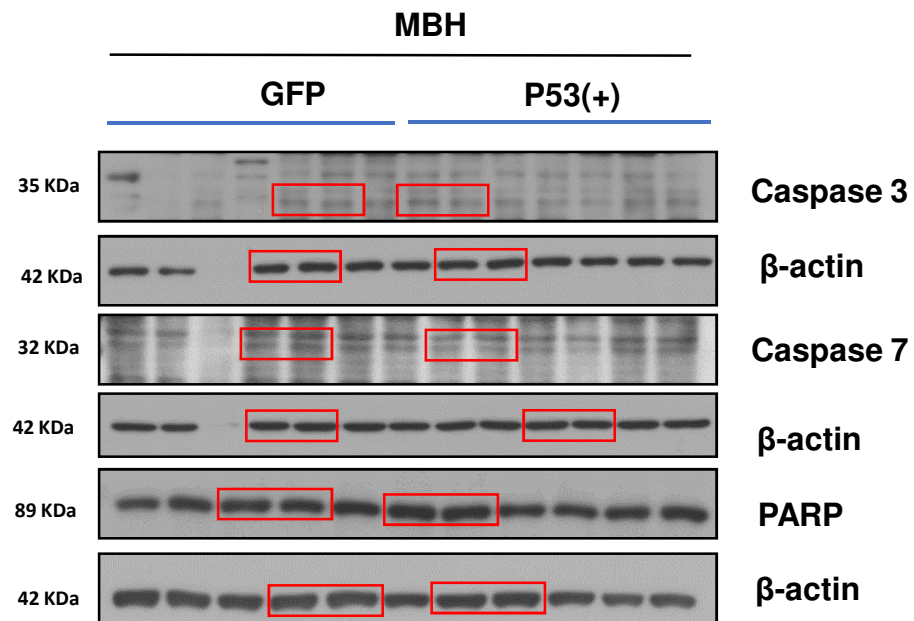
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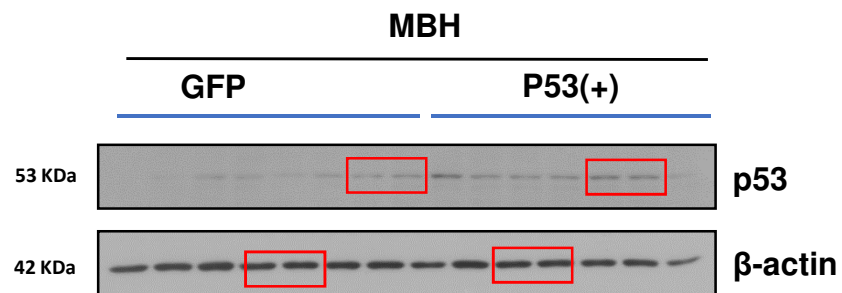
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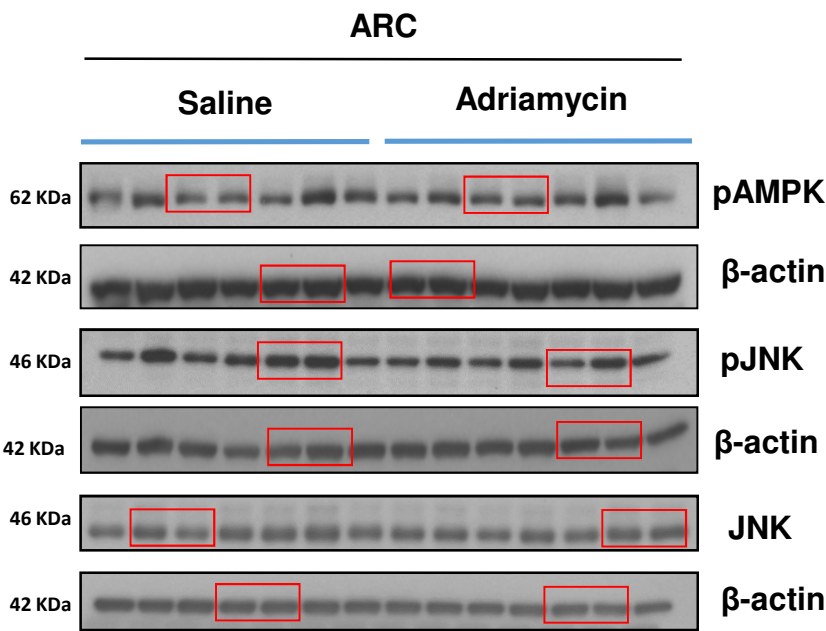
Related to Suppl. Figure S13



Related to Suppl Figure S14a



Related to Suppl. Figure S15h



Supplementary figure 16. Appendix figure S15.