

## **Single organelle analysis to characterize mitochondrial function and crosstalk during viral infection**

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### **Supplemental Figure 1: Analysis of mitochondria from virus-infected livers.**

(A) Flow cytometric analysis of purified mitochondria isolated from livers of uninfected and LCMV-infected mice ( $1 \times 10^4$  pfu / mouse) mixed with spherotech size beads. Mean size in  $\mu\text{m}$  was calculated using linear equation calculated from size beads by linear regression. (B) Flow cytometric analysis of purified mitochondria isolated from livers of untreated and poly I:C treated mice ( $200 \mu\text{g}$  / mouse) mixed with spherotech size beads. Mean size in  $\mu\text{m}$  was calculated using linear equation calculated from size beads by linear regression. (C) Flow cytometric analysis of isolated liver mitochondria. Titration of the membrane-potential dependent dye DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) (50nM - 400nM). (D) Flow cytometric analysis of the membrane potential by DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) staining of purified mitochondria from uninfected and LCMV infected livers (as in (A)). (E) Flow cytometric analysis of the membrane potential by DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) staining of purified mitochondria from livers of untreated and poly I:C treated mice (as in (B)). (F) Flow cytometric analysis of purified liver mitochondria for the membrane potential dye DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) (100 nM) against FSC. Population was divided in subpopulation of different FCS ranges to plot MFI-FSC against MFI-DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) for linear regression. (G) At d2 after infection with Ad-CMV-GOL ( $5 \times 10^8$  PFU/mouse) mitochondria were isolated, challenged with calcium ( $100 \mu\text{M}$ ) and mitochondrial membrane potential (Rh123 fluorescence intensity) as well as mitochondrial integrity (absorbance at 540 nm) was detected over time.

Representative data from at least three independent experiments.

### **Supplemental Figure 2: Vector map of Ad-CMV-mitoRL.**

pENTR vector with expression cassette consisting of CMV promoter, dsRed linked to mitochondrial targeting site and luciferase gene linked by P2A sequences and followed by an bGH polyadenylation signal.

### **Supplemental Figure 3: Change of membrane potential after mixing of LCMV-infected and uninfected mitochondria**

Flow cytometric analysis of membrane potential by DiLC<sub>1</sub>(5) staining of mitochondria from uninfected livers with mitochondria from LCMV infected livers at a ratio 1:1. Samples were mixed before staining procedure (measurement 1h post mixing) .

Representative data from three independent experiments.





